

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1851.)

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August 6 1915, Temperature 6 a.m. 82 2 p.m. 89
Humidity 82 66

August 6 1915, Temperature 6 a.m. 80 2 p.m. 85
Humidity 90 70

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE
Barometer 28.70

2987 日六時月六

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1915.

五時 日六時月六 單張售錢十文
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TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS

THE BATTLE FOR WARSAW.

RUSSIANS RETIRE UNMOLESTED FROM BLONIE.

German Masses Retire in Disorder.

MANCHESTER ASKS GOVERNMENT TO DECLARE COTTON
CONTRABAND.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

PIERCE CANNONADE IN ARGONNE.

VIOLENT BOMBARDMENT OF LINGEKOPF.

August 5, 5.20 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris says there is the usual grenade encounter and a cannonade, which is fierce, in Argonne. A German attack was easily repulsed on the heights of the Meuse. A communique adds that the Germans in the Vosges opened a continuous, extremely violent, bombardment on Lingekopf, and then last night very violently attacked, nevertheless we retained all our positions, except some portions of the trenches on the crest of the hill.

RUSSIAN COMMUNIQUE.

TROOPS MOVED TO THE WARSAW POSITION.

August 5, 5.35 a.m.
A Petrograd communique says that the Russians on the Vistula, in accordance with orders, retired from the Blonie-Nadarsina front, to the Warsaw position, unmolested by the enemy.

RUSSIANS SHORTENING THEIR FRONT.

August 5, 5.30 a.m.
The Petrograd communique continues: The Germans to the east of Ponevies, having concentrated their forces continue counter offensive. Fighting here during the last few days has been of a fluctuating character. Persistent enemy attacks in the direction of the Kolno-Lomza front and on the Narw front were repulsed, but the Russians in the Ostrolenka sector withdrew to a new front, fighting all the way.

The Germans who crossed the Vistula near Matzevitz, between Warsaw and Ivangorod, delivered a series of attacks on the 2nd inst. vainly attempting to advance. The Russians near Ivangorod, in accordance with the plan of operations are gradually shortening the front on the left bank of the Vistula.

Large enemy forces on the right bank of the Vistpr, between Oholm and Wlodavia on the 3rd tried to pierce the Russian front. The battle here was one of almost unprecedented desperation, three Russian divisions held the trenches all day under an unceasing hail of projectiles, and then at nightfall, counter-attacked, and overthrew dense German masses who retreated in disorder.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE DECLARATION OF WAR.

EXCHANGE OF COMPLIMENTS.

August 5, 5.50 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris says that on the anniversary of the war, His Majesty King George telegraphed to President Poincare as follows: "I assure you of the unfailing co-operation and determination of my country to continue the war till it ends to our satisfaction." President Poincare replied that France was determined not to lay down her arms till she had beaten her enemies and they had ceased to menace the peace of the world.

LIEUT. R. B. WOOSNAM KILLED.

August 5, 5.50 a.m.
2nd Lieut. R. B. Woosnam, of the Worcester Regiment has been killed in Gallipoli, he was formerly Game Warden of East Africa.

ALLIES PLEDGES NOT "SCRAPS OF PAPER."

GERMANY'S ONLY CHANCE OF VICTORY.

August 5, 5.50 a.m.
Mr. Bonar Law speaking at Folkestone, said that the way might be steep and long but the victory of the Allies was undoubted. Germany's only chance of victory was a separate peace with one of the Allies, and that was no chance at all, because the pledges of the Allies were not "scraps of paper."

FRENCH COMMUNIQUE.

VIOLENT CANNONADING IN THE VOSGES.

August 5, 5.50 a.m.
A Paris communique says that the day was quiet. The artillery activity on the western front has slackened. There are fights with bombs in Argonne and violent cannonading in the Vosges.

MANCHESTER AND COTTON AS CONTRABAND.

August 4, 10.00 p.m.
The Manchester Council has resolved to request the Government to declare cotton contraband.

AMERICA'S RECEPTION OF BRITAIN'S NOTES.

BRITAIN'S CONSIDERATION FOR NEUTRALS.

August 4, 10.00 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at New York states that America welcomes the tone of the British Notes which it considers to reflect absolute confidence in the justness of their cause. The British Government proceeds in the theory that the American people are an intelligent people, as are the British people also, and that the British are anxious to carry out the blockade with the fullest consideration for neutrals.

BRITISH SUBMARINE SINKS GERMAN TRANSPORT
IN THE BALTIC.

(Havas Telegram.)

August 5.
A British submarine has sunk a large German transport in the Baltic Sea where more than 200 laden sailing ships have also been sunk.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on the Extra.]

WAR TELEGRAMS.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

LONDON'S PATRIOTIC DEMONSTRATION.

August 4, 6.25 p.m.
The congregation that assembled at the anniversary service at St. Paul's Cathedral was most representative. It included a number of royalties, Mr. Asquith, Earl Kitchener, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, members of the Cabinet, and of the Lords and Commons, ambassadors, Sir Robert Borden, and various High Commissioners. The most pathetic feature was the wounded, many of whom had lost a leg or arm, walking with crutches, while others, totally blind were led to their seats. The Archbishop of Canterbury, in the course of a stirring sermon, dwelt on the common duty of bringing every ounce of strength to bear in furtherance of the right. He concluded with a splendid tribute to "those whom we should have called quite ordinary men who are passing straight from the private paths of common life to man with dauntless courage the Aegean precipices or the shell-swept trenches, offering their lives with simplicity and even with gladness for the country and its cause." The Stock Exchange suspended business at noon, the members singing the National Anthem and giving cheers for the King and for the Allies. The Corn Market sang the National Anthem and suspended business for an hour. Similar demonstrations took place in many business houses.

WAR ENTHUSIASM IN AUSTRALIA.

August 4, 6.25 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne states that services were held in the churches, and that patriotic meetings took place at the chief centres, affirming the Commonwealth's determination to continue the struggle to a victorious end.

MR. BALFOUR ON THE POSITION.

August 5, 12.05 a.m.
Mr. Balfour, addressing Wednesday's great patriotic meeting at the London Opera House, said: "We can say confidently that, despite all efforts, there is no miscalculation the enemy has not made except regarding the value of ammunition and guns. If the Germans had foreseen how the war would go, not a soldier would have been mobilised and not a single life lost. We never professed to be a military nation. Our offer of an expeditionary force of 180,000 men had been gratefully accepted, but our casualties have already exceeded the number of our original forces. What we have done has vastly exceeded what we expected to do, but that is only a part of what we are going to do."

GERMANS AGAIN THROWN BACK.

August 4, 5.40 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent in Paris states that the Crown Prince's army caused all night long liveliest in Argonne. It delivered three attacks, against Hill No. 213, Fontaine aux Charnes and Marie Therese respectively. Everywhere the Germans were thrown back into their trenches by our infantry and artillery fire. Heavy fighting took place at Artois and in the Vosges, which was to the advantage of the French. The communique concludes: We repulsed a counter-attack at Barenkopf.

THE RUSSIANS.

MORE ENEMY CLAIMS AND ADMISSIONS.

August 4, 8.15 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam states that the clash to-night is nearer Warsaw itself. A Berlin communique claims that the Russians have been thrown from the Blonie position into the outer line of the fortress and that the army of Prince Leopold of Bavaria is attacking Warsaw. While it is claimed that General von Woytsch's Austro-German army is in possession of the west part of the fortress from Ivangorod to the Vistula, the communique admits that the Russians have re-attacked General von Meckensen.

A MOST IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

August 4, 9.55 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent in Paris the most important announcement is made that an Italian officer has arrived at British Headquarters in the Mediterranean in order to concert measures for the co-operation with the British and French forces of an Italian force, both naval and military, in the operations against Turkey.

TELEGRAMS.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

CONDENSED.

There is a fierce cannonade in Argonne.

A German attack on the heights of the Meuse was easily repulsed.

At Erie, Pennsylvania, a cloud-burst broke the dams and the waters inundated the city.

The Germans east of Ponevies, having concentrated their forces, continue counter offensive.

It is said that 25 persons have been killed and the damage is estimated at millions of dollars.

Persistent enemy attacks in the direction of the Kolno-Lomza front and the Narw front were repulsed.

The Manchester City Council has resolved to request the Government to declare cotton contraband.

Large enemy forces on the right bank of the Vistpr, between Oholm and Wlodavia on the 3rd, tried to pierce the Russian front.

America says that Great Britain is anxious to carry out the blockade with the fullest consideration of neutrals.

America welcomes the tone of the British Notes which it considers to reflect absolute confidence in the justness of their cause.

The Germans in the Vosges opened an extremely violent bombardment on Lingekopf and then on Wednesday night very violently attacked.

Mr. Bonar Law, speaking at Folkestone, said that the road might be steep and long but the victory of the Allies was undoubted.

The Russians on the Vistula in accordance with orders, have retired from the Blonie-Madarzina front to the Warsaw position unmolested by the enemy.

Mr. Bonar Law said that Germany's only chance of victory was a separate peace with one of the Allies, and that was no chance at all, because the pledges of the Allies were not "scraps of paper."

A battle on the right bank of the Vistpr was of almost unprecedented desperation. Three Russian divisions held the trenches all day under an unceasing hail of projectiles, and then at nightfall, counter-attacked and overthrew dense German masses, which retreated in disorder.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.


Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
General Meeting Steam Laundry Co. Ltd.—12.30 p.m.
H.K. Jockey Club—Extraordinary General Meeting 12.45.
Gymkhana—Race Course—3.30 p.m.
Flying Exhibition by Tom Gunn—Shatin.
Sunday, August 8:
Flying Exhibition by Tom Gunn—Shatin.
Wednesday, August 11:
Sale of Leasehold Property—P. G. Lamont's Sales Room—1.00 p.m.

NOTICES

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In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

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Hongkong, 16th August, 1910

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He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write to "Hongkong Telegraph" office or direct to No. 160, Wellington Street, second floor.

Hongkong, 29th Jan., 1912.

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Hongkong, 3rd October, 1912.

NOTICES

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Hongkong, July 14, 1914.

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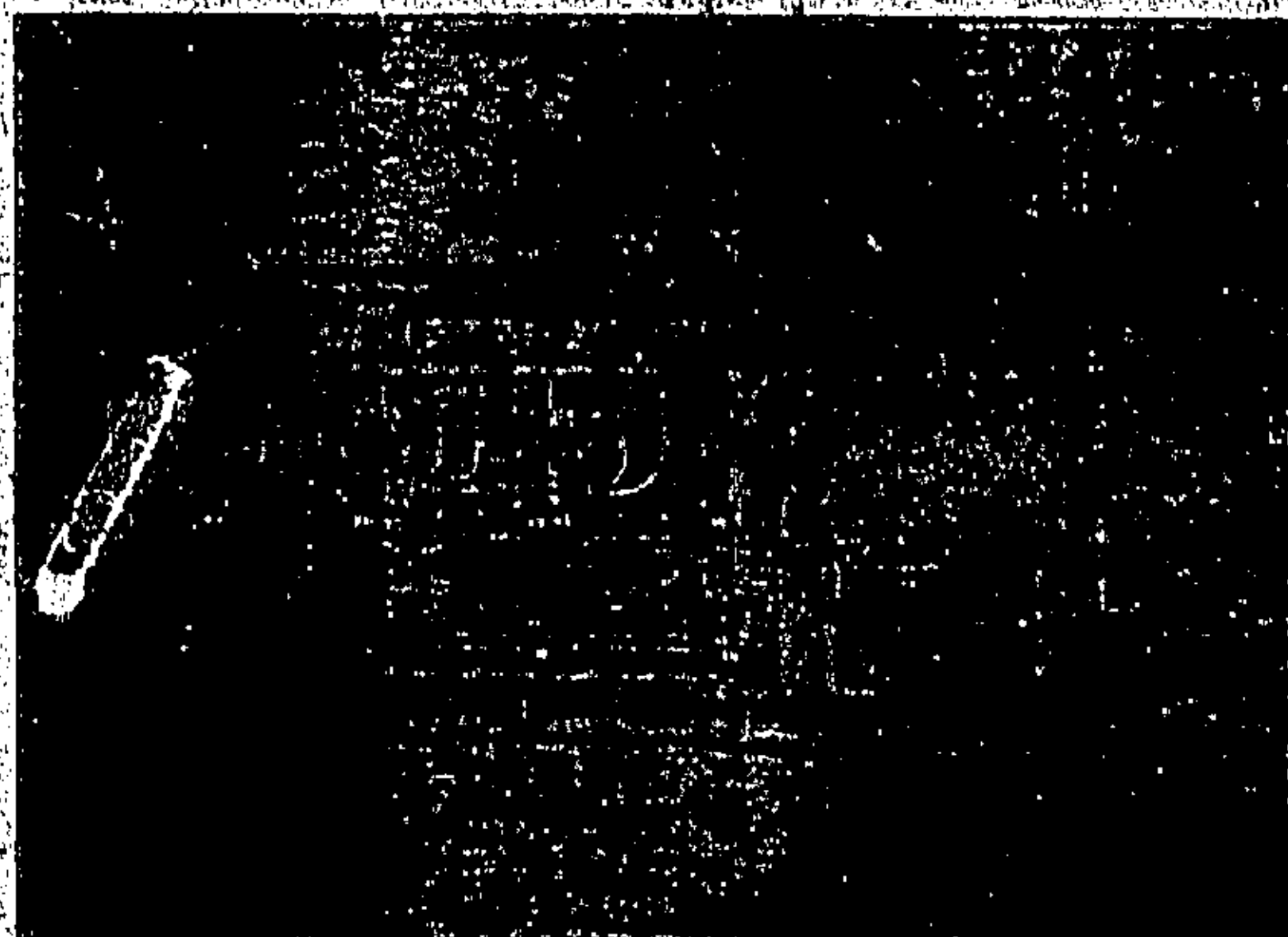
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NOTICES

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South China Morning Post.

Russia's Great Stand. Undismayed by the fact that the enemy is knocking at its door Warsaw apparently continues its daily routine of work and pleasure very much as usual. Could there be any greater testimony to the faith of the Russian people in the power which is stalling off the invader than the telegram which we published yesterday? The intensity of the fighting on the Russian front, together with the momentous issues involved in the campaign in that theatre, have almost monopolised the war space of the press for some weeks; but, while tens of thousands of men are being lost daily, the Germans show no sign of wavering in purpose and on the other hand the Russians are more than ever resolved to carry the war to a victorious conclusion. What to make of the situation we hardly know, but we put our faith in Russia's perseverance and vast resources in men and material to see the thing through according to her desires.

Daily Press.

The Meaning of Italy's Tribute to England.

Nearly all the most important Italian towns lie on or close to the shores, and the Italian main lines of railway hug the shore and are carried over innumerable viaducts and bridges, and through hundreds of tunnels which can be easily destroyed from the sea. All Italy's interests, immediate and prospective, therefore, clearly required her to join forces with England, France and Russia, against her two former partners in the Triple Alliance. That alliance was a political abortion from the beginning, because the Austro-Hungarian Empire was Italy's determined enemy in the Balkan Peninsula, and has remained so; while it is more than possible that Italy, like Belgium, was on Germany's list of European States whose independence was destined in certain eventualities to be suppressed. A mere 45-day telegram is one which suggests that Italy's participation in the war will extend farther than many people have been disposed to believe that it would. Her co-operation in the war against Turkey is a natural outcome of the long sustained attitude of hostility on the part of the Porte towards her, and Italy's help in this arena of the war should do much to accelerate the opening of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus.

China Mail.

A Turning Point of the War.

The military critic of the Manchester Guardian takes a similar view, and speaking of this continual exchanging of trenches which has marked the fighting in that region, says: "In themselves the military effect of these combats is often little more than a mutual slaughtering in which that side wins which puts the greater number of men out of action. Eye-witnesses have himself drawn attention to this aspect of the war. Ultimately numbers will win—number of men and numbers of guns. The Allies, especially since the entry into the war of Italy, have the greater resources in men. If, therefore, they succeed in putting out of action more or even only as many Austro-Germans as they themselves lose—and do not fall behind in armaments—they are fighting a winning battle."

The fighting in this region, in which the famous "Labyrinth" is situated, has been very severe, and the Morning Post states that the now-captured Labyrinth, which lies to the south of Neuville-St. Vaast, contains in an area of some two square miles a perfect maze of trenches over fifteen miles long in the aggregate.

At present there are many indications pointing to a big offensive movement on the part of the Allies in northern France and in the vicinity of Ypres. We are now better able to cope with the enemy and the hope now is that he will be induced to retreat.

For a good long time, the German and Turkish forces have been engaged in a struggle for supremacy in the East.

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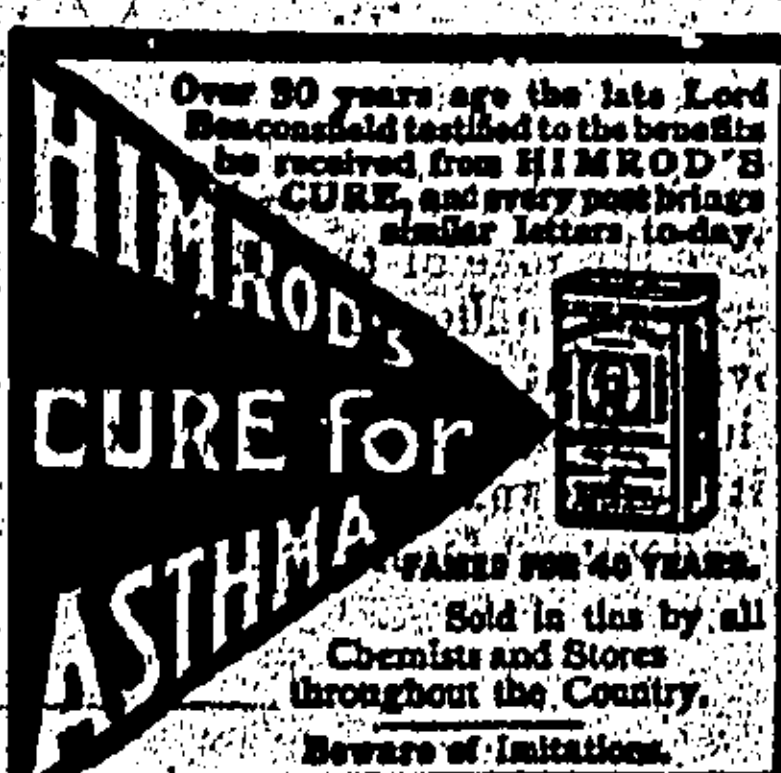
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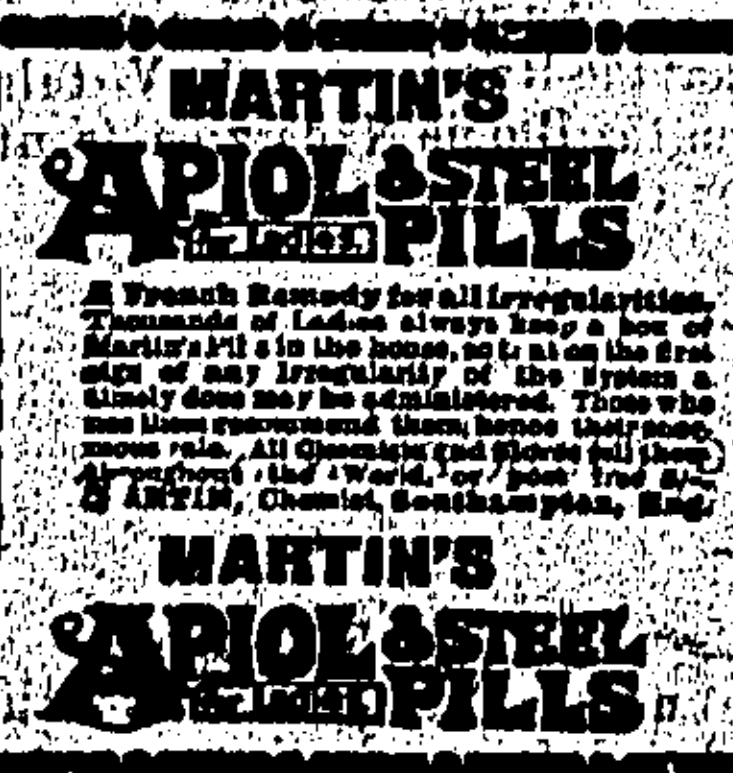
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Hongkong, 18th July, 1912.

GENERAL NEWS

Electric Traffic in Tokyo Suspended.

The whole electric car traffic in Tokyo and suburbs was suspended for over two hours on July 22, and much confusion prevailed throughout the city. It appears that during a severe thunderstorm in Yamanashi province, part of the electric power lines was struck by lightning, and thus the supply of electric current to Tokyo was cut off for some time.

"Robbing it in" to K. of K. Mrs. Parker, Lord Kitchener's sister, speaking at the Ladies' Park Club, Knightsbridge, at a meeting to explain the objects of the British Women's Patriotic League, said that men were apt to belittle women's work. "Even my great brother," she continued, "when I said I was going to belong to the British Women's Patriotic League, said: 'Oh well, I don't think it will do any harm' (Laughter). He did not realize what we were doing, but since then he has seen some of the work done by the League and he has been very good about it. I don't see him very often, but I rub it in when I do."

For Valour. On June 26 1857 Queen Victoria made the first distribution of the Victoria Cross, 62 officers and men receiving it from her hands in Hyde Park. The Cross itself was instituted on January 20, 1856, and the idea is said to have originated with the fifth Duke of Newcastle, who was our first Secretary of State for War. The original motto suggested for the Cross was "For the Brave," for which Queen Victoria substituted "For Valour." Queen Victoria did not like the designation "V.O.," holding that people might mistake wearers of the Cross for Vice-Chancellors, and suggested "D.V.O." (Decorated with the Victoria Cross). However, no one has ever mistaken the significance of the initials.

From the Antarctic. The name of one of Dr. Mawson's Antarctic companions figures in the latest casualty list. Captain E. F. R. Bago, of the Australian Divisional Engineers, whose death is recorded, obtained special leave to accompany Dr. Mawson in his Southern Expedition. He headed the sledging party which almost reached the Pole, although scientific investigation and not exploration was its object. Subsequently he was one of a party of six who volunteered to remain in the South for a year and await the return of Dr. Mawson's party. He came back from the Antarctic early in the present year, and was promoted captain at the beginning of the war.

More Boy Babies. Zurich, June 26.—Statistics of births in Vienna since last October bear out the popular belief that more boys than girls are born in time of war. Part of the figures dealing with mothers of the poorest classes, fugitives from Galicia and Bukovina, show that of 559 children born 314 were boys. The average proportion is 108 boys to 100 girls, whereas these figures give 128 boys to 100 girls. A similar preponderance in male births is given by the Vienna War Spem Society, whose records show their progeny number 140 boys to 100 girls. Among both classes referred to there is a considerable increase in the number of twins born.

Japan's Financial Administration. The Osaka Mainichi views with great concern the future of Japan's financial administration. In view of the financial situation of the country to-day the Government will find it very difficult to compile the Budget for next year, and should the European war drag on for a considerable time, greater difficulty will be experienced in drawing up the Budget for 1917. In spite of this, the Government seems to be eagerly bent upon enlarging the navy from next year. Even without the naval enlargement scheme the State is already on the brink of bankruptcy, the revenue diminishing each month and there being little or no hope of raising money on the foreign market during the war or immediately after.

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EXCLUSIVE AGENTS MOUTRIE'S.

SUEZ CANAL COMPANY.

General Meeting.

Extracts from the report presented at the General Meeting held in Paris on June 14, 1915.—Gentlemen.—The results obtained during the first seven months of 1914 justified the expectations which we had formed at the time of your last meeting. The advance on the corresponding period of 1913 showed the maintenance of normal prosperity. But war, by the trouble into which it has plunged the economic life of the nations, has altered the situation, and the increase shown in the receipts has promptly changed into a decrease. From August 1 to December 31 commercial traffic has fallen by nearly 40 per cent. The decrease in the transit revenue, however, has been far from attaining similar proportions, an important compensation having been secured by the exceptional activity of military transports. The loss experienced during the first five months of the war was about 85 millions (francs), and, by reason of the profits realized before the commencement of hostilities, the actual decrease does not exceed 41 millions (francs). The beginning of the current year has been more gravely attacked. Although a certain support has arisen through the transport of troops, material, and provisions, and also by the consequent ballast trade in both directions preceding or following these transports, the diminution in the receipts at the time of compiling this report represents nearly 35 per cent. of the takings for the corresponding period of 1914. We could not fail to take into consideration the prospects which this situation presents in fixing the amount to distribute on account of the past financial year. To isolate that year from the current one, and treat it solely on its own merits, would be to assure for this year a somewhat considerable fall in the dividend to be distributed among you, and it seemed to us that this policy would but ill serve your interests. We propose, therefore, after a careful consideration of the question, to fix the total dividend for 1914 at 120fr. net. We shall thus reserve in carrying it forward to 1915, a sum of 18 millions (francs), and if the receipts still wear the same aspect that they have had during the months just past we shall be in a position, so far as one can judge at the present moment, to avoid next year a fresh decrease in your dividend. This will have the very advantageous effect of maintaining, in spite of unfavourable circumstances, the prosperity and solidity of our treasury.

Financial Situation.

The total receipts of 1914 amount to 125,121,287.54fr., showing, in comparison with the total receipts of 1913, a diminution of 4,804,711.48fr. The decreased value of the transit receipts reaches exactly 4,541,411.32fr. The greater part of the decrease relates principally to the results of the financial services,

and is partially caused by the exceptional charges, since the declaration of the war, brought about by the necessity for transmitting to Paris sums deposited in Egypt and England. The total expenses, including, as in 1913, an allocation of three million francs to the funds for depreciation of material, amount to 32,940,674.77fr. They show, as a whole, a decrease of 1,159,890.74fr., although the issue of bonds during the first months of 1914 augmented by about 600,000fr. the amount of company charges. The excess of receipts over expenses, including the amount brought forward from 1913, amounts to 80,350,898.44fr. It is proposed (1) to fix the profit to be distributed at 81,858,338.02fr., (2) to carry forward to the profit of the current year the surplus of the excess—i.e., 18,703,560.42fr. The distribution of the profit—81,858,338.02fr.—among those entitled, as mentioned in the accounts, will have the effect of bringing the dividend on each share up to 109.44fr. This dividend, augmented by the interest of 25fr., represents a gross revenue of 134.44fr. and a net revenue of 120fr.

Transit and Navigation.

During the year 1914, 4,802 ships, representing a net tonnage of 19,400,491 tons, have passed through the Canal. This is a decrease on 1913 of 283 passages and 624,389 tons net. Commercial movement shows a diminution of 784 passages and 2,842,576 tons net. The war and other ships of the various Governments show, on the contrary, an increase of 501 passages and 2,287,187 tons. The diminution in commercial traffic relates, as to 1,480,000 tons, to the German and Austrian flags, while under the Dutch, Greek, and Italian flags a round increase of 200,000 tons is shown. The net average tonnage of ships passing through the Canal has grown from 3,940 tons in 1913 to 4,042 tons in 1914. Fifty-eight ships, having a gross tonnage of over 10,000 tons, have made 189 passages. Of this number 15 ships (representing 24 passages) have passed through for the first time, and their voyages have been due to military operations. The average duration of transit has been 18hr. 11min., a decrease of 8min. on the average for 1913. The number of passengers has risen to 391,772, of which 228,720 were military; these figures have never been attained before. The special traffic due directly to the war, which during the last months of the year has to such a large degree supplemented the loss of commercial traffic, was not equally spread over the whole of the period. It has been concentrated, on the contrary, into a small number of days. Consequently the trade of the Canal has shown on certain days a quite exceptional activity. The number of ships passing has sometimes been more than double the number of an ordinary day. The passage of the Canal has been accomplished, however, without trouble or delay, and with a regularity which has shown at once the devotion and efficiency of our pilotage, and the perfect organization and excellent management of our transit service.

Prepaid Advertisements

ONE CENT PER WORD FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO LET.

TO LET.—FOUR ROOMED FLATS in Hanol Road, Kowloon, and May Road, Hongkong, with possession on 1st September next. English Baths and Kitchen ranges, Hot and Cold Water, Electric Light, First Class Modern Apartments throughout, including Water Carriage System. "PENYRHEW" Minden Row, Kowloon, 6 Roomed house with Tennis Court. 2. Minden Villas, Kowloon; 5-Roomed House with Tennis Court. Four-roomed Houses in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon. Flats in Nathan Road, Kowloon. A Flat in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon. Apply to—HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD. Alexandria Buildings.

TO LET.—Queen's Building. The South-West portion of the first floor, including Treasury on Ground floor, lately in occupation of the German Bank. Godown, No. 9, Ice House Street. Offices facing the Harbour between The Hongkong Club and Post Office. Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—A House in Knutsford Terrace. Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

General Situation.

Every year under this heading we attempt to give a comprehensive glance at the general facts which distinguish the period with which we are dealing, and to deduct from the known situation of the current year the prospects for the near future of our undertaking. It would be rash to-day to express an opinion or to formulate our hopes as to the progress of the business; the immediate future, whatever the confidence with which we face it, is too uncertain. As to the dominant features of the past, they are identified to a certain extent with the history of the war, and the time has not yet come to relate that history. Our report, however, would not be complete if we passed in silence over the events since the commencement of hostilities, which affect our interests. At the commencement of the war our first care was to safeguard, as far as in us lay, the free use of the Canal, and within the limits of the means at our disposal to see that the measures for safety imposed by local authorities were reconciled with the principle of equal freedom of transit for all. But it was not enough to ensure the free use of the Canal; the passage of a ship implies the preliminary settlement of dues, and this in most cases entails monetary transactions. Now, one of the sharpest phases of the financial crisis in the first days of the war was the collapse of the money market, and certain of our clients were in danger of seeing their ships held in ports on the Canal in default of the means whereby to pay the dues. Not hesitating to run certain risks, we have accepted or proposed new methods of payment, which have promptly obviated all causes of delay or difficulty. But care of another order were imposed on the company on the day when Turkey, becoming the ally of Germany, threatened against Egypt, across the Canal, and directly against the Canal itself. Our role was no longer to remain as a company, simple spectators of the conflict. We must not hesitate to associate ourselves with the defence, facilitate its organization, and to do that put at the disposal of the responsible authority all the resources both of material and of the assistance which could be given by the experience of our staff. This we have done, and valuable recognition has been paid in high quarters to the effort which our staff has put forth in

TO LET.

TO LET.—In Kowloon, bedroom with large verandah and private bath room, for two Gentlemen, with full board, moderate terms. Apply to—"A.S.H." c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.

TO LET.—From 1st September next, desirable six and eight roomed Residences in Broadwood and Wong nei Chong Road, the latter commanding a fine view of the Race Course. For terms and particulars apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—Houses in Lyceum Villas and Torres Buildings ready for occupation from the 1st August next. Apply to—SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUSSION.

TO LET.—Office 2nd Floor, No. 14 Pedder Street; also Large Godown on Water Front, East Point.—Apply Property Office, JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—"La Hacienda" E. No. 74 Mount Kellett Road. Apply to CHATER and MODY, 5 Queen's Road Central.

TO LET.—Houses in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road. Godowns, New Praya, Kennedy Town.

Godowns, at Wanchai Road, 58 The Peak, "The Retreat," 21 Wongsichong Road. Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

Not only in Egypt have we been faced with delicate situations. In Paris we have had to support the counter-blow of the sharp financial difficulties which marked the first weeks of the war. At the same time as the state of the market (to which we have alluded) rendered almost impossible the transmission to Paris of sums which we had banked elsewhere, the greater part of the deposits which constitute the normally disposable funds of our treasure were suddenly disorganized. In the uncertainty as to the future, aggravated by the irregularity of postal and telegraphic communication, we had to ask our correspondents to temporarily suspend their payments on our account leaving the discharge of affairs to our cashiers in Paris, who have not for one moment ceased to be in a position to deal with same. The interruption of ordinary relations with our correspondents, however, was only of very brief duration. In the month of September these latter were advised that they could resume the payment of our coupons under ordinary conditions.

Mobilisation has naturally created a great blank in our staff. From Egypt, as from Paris, a large proportion of our employees has been called to the colours, and several of them, also, will never return to their places in our ranks. Thanks to the repaid of those who had not to fulfil the same duty, the operation of our services has only slightly suffered. The admirable spirit manifested by those in all ranks of our system deserves recognition. To the others—those who fight so valiantly—you will allow us to offer the encouragement of our heartfelt sympathy.

If you have lost your appetite one of the big variety of dainty dishes at the "ALEXANDRA CAFE" is sure to tempt you.



THEY POSSESS A MOST PLEASANT FLAVOUR AND ARE UNQUESTIONABLY THE FINEST VIRGINIA CIGARETTE MANUFACTURED. 85 Cts. a tin of 50 Cigarettes.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

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A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF GOLF CLUBS

INCLUDING

ANDERSON & BLYTH'S
WELL KNOWN
DRIVERS & BRASSIES
ALSO
A GOOD REPRESENTATIVE STOCK OF OTHER MAKERS' MODELS.

YOU WANT A MOTOR CAR? ALL RIGHT.

PHONE 1036

THE EXILE GARAGE.

33-35 DES VOEUX ROAD,

Where You will get Expert Service and every Satisfaction

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

THE SHARK SUMMER ANNUAL ...	50	GENERAL SKETCH OF THE WAR. THE FIRST PHASE, Hillaire	4.80
THE VALLEY OF FEAR, Conan Doyle	1.75	Balloo	
BEALBY, H.G. Walls	1.75	THE WORLD IN CRUCIBLE, Sir Gilbert Parker	4.80
THE GIRL FROM NIPPON, Carl von Dreyer	1.75	THE STORY OF THE HONOLULU, C. W. Sheridan Jones	1.75
THE WHITE GLOVE, Wm. Le Quoux	1.75	DAILY GRAPHIC WAR CARTOONS No. 7	10
THE WIFE WHO FOUND OUT, Gerlie Wentworth-James	1.75	SCHMIDT THE SPY, Alfred Leete	20
FRECKLES, Genie Stratton Porter	20	THE INTERNATIONAL CRISIS IN ITS ETHICAL & PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS, A Series of Lectures	2.75
THE HEART OF THE ANCIENT WOOD, G.G.D. Roberts	20	AEROPLANES & DIRIGIBLES OF WAR, F. A. Talbot	2.75
SISTER SUE, Arthur Appleby	30	THE WORLD WIDE WAR, Attard	20
SUCCESS IN BUSINESS	30	WAR UP TO DATE, A WEEK END COURSE OF MODERN METHODS	20
THE MODERN MOTOR CYCLE	30	THE HEART OF JAINISM, Mrs. Sinclair Stevenson	6.00
THE CHINA CLIPPERS, Basil Lubbock	4.00	INDIAN THEISM, Nicol MacNicol	4.50
THE CLIPPER SHIP ERA 1843-1869, A. H. Clark	6.00	BERNARD SHAW, THE 20TH CENTURY, MOLIÈRE, August	6.00
THE HEART OF JAINISM, Mrs. Sinclair Stevenson	6.00	TOWARDS RACIAL HEALTH, Morak Marob	2.75
INDIAN THEISM, Nicol MacNicol	4.50	IN AND AROUND LONDON, Foot	2.75
BERNARD SHAW, THE 20TH CENTURY, MOLIÈRE, August	6.00	ROMANCE OF REALITY, Engleberg Knox	2.75
TOWARDS RACIAL HEALTH, Morak Marob	2.75	ROMANCE OF REALITY, ELEG	2.75
IN AND AROUND LONDON, Foot	2.75	ROMANCE OF REALITY, MODERN INVENTIONS, JOHNSON	2.75
ROMANCE OF REALITY, Engleberg Knox	2.75		

NOTICE.

N. LAZARUS & Co.

QUALIFIED OPTICIANS.

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28, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL

(lately occupied by W. POWELL, Ltd.)

ANY ONE OF WATSON'S FRUIT SYRUPS

MIXED WITH EITHER PLAIN OR FLAVORED WATER
MAKES A MOST DELICIOUS AND REFRESHING

SUMMER DRINK.

THEY ARE MADE FROM THE RIPE FRUIT AND
PURE SUGAR ONLY, AND CAN BE OBTAINED
IN A VARIETY OF DIFFERENT FLAVOURS.

We are Sole Agents For

MONTERRAT LIME FRUIT
JUICE & CORDIAL

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

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requires them to forward their names and addresses with
communications addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for
publication, but as an evidence of their bona fides.

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(Payable in Advance.)

The "Hongkong Telegraph" is now on sale at, and will be delivered
to subscribers by, the Dairy Farm Company, Ltd., Shamoon,
Canton, who have been appointed our agents there.

By Order,

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1915.

THE BLOCKADE AGAIN.

Through no fault of his own or of his Government's, Sir Edward
Grey has again been forced to tell one or two plain truths to the
government in Washington. The latter's Ministers announce that
they do not recognise the validity of the British Prize Court, and
that they insist on the rights of American owners to bring goods
out of Holland in neutral ships, even though those goods were
originally from Germany. It is unlike Sir Edward Grey—and, to
do it justice, unlike the British Government when it is dealing with
serious matters—to introduce sentiment of any kind into a dispute.
But the Foreign Minister knows his man; knows that the Americans
are themselves of a decidedly sentimental turn of mind, and we
think the public in general will applaud his pleading the Lusitania
etc., instead of confining himself strictly to the harsh Thou Shalt
and Thou Shalt Not of international law.

The Allies, says Sir Edward Grey, are facing an enemy who
poisoned wells, who used poison gas, who sank a ship containing
Americans—many of whom were women and babies!—and who
shockingly violated the rule of civilized warfare. Consequently
"the Allies must take every step to overcome such an enemy."
One would have thought that, at this stage in events, America would
not need to have these little matters pointed out to her. The testi-
mony of her own and of other neutral consular and diplomatic
officials shows her, beyond doubt, what manner of treatment the
Germans accorded to the Belgians. Not only so but she, who has
called herself the champion of right and of good government, (after
having given the world so many indisputable proofs of her right to
that somewhat wide claim) should surely have been the first, and
not the last, to protest against Germany's violation of Belgian
neutrality last year. If there were anything beyond words in her claim,
she would have taken steps from the beginning, despite the fact of
her not being directly concerned, to help in the punishment of
Germany for that infringement alone. Again; her subjects are
drowned during the attack on the Lusitania; and, months after that
dead event, she is still imploring Germany to say that the Lusitania
was not sunk by German submarines!

It is right that every nation should protect the interests, com-
mercial or other, of its subjects. But to us the position seems now
that while America will not protect the lives of her people against
German submarines, she will protest, will even attempt to bully,
when the mere commerce of her people is interfered with—by
Britain. What other interpretation does all this bear than that in
her eyes, in spite of all that has been proved against our enemy,
Germany can steal a horse while Britain must not look at a halter?
The remainder of Sir Edward Grey's message shows the extremely
reasonable view which he is taking, and is anxious still to take, of the
situation; and, if Washington wants to retain the respect of the
people of the Allied nations, it will draw off a little and leave minor
considerations till after Germany has been brought to book.
Figures show that America's increased commerce during the war
has more than compensated her for the loss of German and Austrian
markets. If America has protests to make, would she not do better
to confine them to such subjects as the deliberate killing of her
own men women and babies?

GERMANS ON BRITISH SHIPS.

In view of our recent editorials
on the subject of German "Cas-
House employees" being allowed
to search British ships in Chinese
ports, it is gratifying to us to
learn from the officers of river
boats that the objectionable prac-
tice has been discontinued. So
far as we can learn no definite
instructions on the point have
been issued from headquarters.
Some little time since, about fifty
masters of British ships addressed
a petition to the Inspector General
of Chinese Customs, showing that
Germans and Austrians, in their
capacity as employees of the Chi-
nese Government, were continually
boarding British ships, and that
the existence of such a position
obliged the captains to break the
law of their own Government—
which says distinctly that no alien
enemy shall be allowed on board
a British vessel; and which pro-
vides for no exceptions whatever.
The reply to the petition appears
to have been the drafting of these
obnoxious gentry to other work—
a result on which the captains
may congratulate themselves.

Mexican Affairs.

Yesterday's wire concerning the
projected conference between the
United States and the Southern
Central Governments as to the
position of Mexican affairs is the
first intimation that we have had
for a very long time that any-
one is taking an interest in
Mexican matters. Six months
ago—we believe that was
about the last time that the
"A.B.C." countries were men-
tioned in this connection—there
seemed to be reasonable hope that
the Southern Republics would do
what America should long ago
have done; take the ruling out of
the disorderly hands in which it
has lain for the past eighteen
months and make some arrange-
ment which would render Mexico
habitable by foreigners and by
her own people. What these
Republics have been doing in the
interim no one seems exactly to
know. They have had a unique
opportunity of annexing the
country, and dividing the spoil,
or of occupying it with a combined
force until good government is
permanently established; but to
us outsiders it would seem that
they have thrown away the
opportunity.

Another Chance.

Now there is talk of one of the
Central American Governments
(Guatemala) and of Bolivia and
Uruguay joining with the United
States and the "A.B.C."—to do
what? Talk, presumably; as
though there had not been rather
more than enough talk already!
European attention has been too
much distracted by the war for it
to be able to interest itself in what
is happening in the far West, and
it is probable that not a twentieth
part of the events in Mexico, dur-
ing the past year, have ever been
known beyond the limits of the
Western Hemisphere. When the
story comes to be written impar-
tially, as ultimately it will be, it
is to be feared that there will be
revelations of many an act of ty-
ranny which the United States or
the Southern countries could have
prevented, had they possessed the
needed resolution. So far as one
knows, all that America has ever
done has been to occupy Vera
Cruz for half an hour and then
to retire, and leave the Mexicans
to their own devices—which were
none of the most handsome. Now
a new opportunity seems to be
presenting itself for wholesome
outside intervention, and we most
earnestly hope, for the sake of
foreigners domiciled in the coun-
try, as well as for that of the
Mexicans themselves, that action,
and not talk, will be the order of
the day.

LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs. Wright and Hornby
advise us that the Langkat output
for the current month is as
follows:—

August 1	...	Tons 245
" 2	...	" 238
" 3	...	" 214
" 4	...	" 243
" 5	...	" 211

Total to 5th inst. 1,148

Daily average 229.6

DAY BY DAY.

THEY SAY BEST MEN ARE
MOULDED OUT OF FAULTS.—Shake-
peare.

The Weather.
Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 83;
sunshine.
At the Peak 8 a.m. Temp. 76;
sunshine.

Count the Columns.
Yesterday the Telegraph
published 341 columns of solid
reading matter. To-day there
will be 344 published.

The Mails.
Siberian Mails.—Due per a.s.
Lianchow to-day.
American Mail.—Due per a.s.
Colombo to-day.

U. K. and U. S. mails.—Closed
per a.s. Seattle to-day
at 1 p.m.

French Mail.—Closes per a.s.
Polynesia to-morrow at 4
p.m.

Siberian Mail.—Closes per a.s.
Anhui to-morrow at 5 p.m.

Up to the Minute—Share
Market News.

Closing prices:—
Hongkong Banks. — \$830,
buyers.

North China.—Tls. 109,
buyers.

China Fires.—\$157, buyers.

Hongkong Fires. — \$400,
buyers.

Douglas's. — \$68, buyers.

Indo-China.—\$150, sales and
sellers.

Shell Transports.—\$88, sales.

Docks.—\$75, sellers.

Shanghai Docks.—\$55, buyers.

Shanghai Cottons in Shanghai
Tls. 101, sellers.

China Sugars.—\$133, nom.

Luzon.—\$48, nom.

Hongkong and K. W. and G.
Co. Ltd. \$79, sales.

Shanghai Land.—Tls. 102,
buyers & div.

Ewo's.—Tls. 175, sellers.

Green Islands.—\$820, buyers.

Electric.—\$44, buyers.

Langkats.—Tls. 384, buyers.

The Dollar.

The rate of the dollar on
demand to-day is 1s 9 1/16d.

To-day's Anniversary.

To-day is the 45th anniversary
of the Battle of Worth, at which
the French, under Marshal Mac-
Mahon, were defeated by the
Crown Prince Frederick.

Victoria Theatre.

The principal features of the
last programme at the Victoria
Theatre were a dramatic four-
part film "His After Death" and
an uproarious farce of Max Lin-
der's "Max Wishes he hadn't."
Tonight the management is offer-
ing a specially attractive pro-
gramme which includes another
of the famous "Sherlock Holmes"
episodes and a magnificent
drama: "A Queen's Love."

"The Boy Scout in China"
We have received the fourth
issue of *The Boy Scout in China*,
a cheery little publication devoted
to the doings of Scouts, with
special reference to Shanghai. A
leading feature is a well written
account of the Dragon Boat Festi-
val, and there is also a practical
little paper by Shanghai Chinese
Scout on "How to do your Duty."
The editorial matter is bright
and interesting, as are also the
various reports and smaller arti-
cles.

ENEMY'S NEW WEAPON.

Jets of Fire to Burn Through
Wire.

The Warsaw correspondent of
the *Bourse Gazette* telegraphs that
the Germans are using on the
Bzura a new instrument of war,
says the *Daily Telegraph* Petrograd
correspondent. It consists of a
metal cylinder filled with a mix-
ture of benzine and kerosene at
a pressure of 75 lb. per square
inch. A turn of a screw opens
the vent and liberates a jet of
burning fluid 12 ft. to 15 ft.
in length.

The storming parties are pro-
vided with these apparatuses,
with which they force a path
through the wire entanglements.
The heat of the flames is so intense
that it cuts through these ob-
structions like a jet of steam.

NOTES ON THE CRISIS.

GERMAN MISCALCULATIONS.

Russia's Movements.

A Berlin communique claims
that "the Russians have been
thrown from the Blonie position
into the outer line of the fort-
ress," while a Petrograd com-
munique, received later, says that
the Russians "retired from Blonie
unmolested." But what's in a
name? One knows that the Ger-
mans would rather tell a lie than the
truth any day, but just now we
have to look at not results and mar-
kets the ornamentation. The point
is that the Russians have left their
Blonie position and have moved
to another nearer Warsaw. Tak-
ing this net result view, probably
there is little doubt that the
Russians have hitherto had the
worst of the deal in the Warsaw
battle. But that "worst" means
only temporary abandonment of
positions which were not, after all,
vital; while Germany's "best"
has involved the drafting of men
from the Western front and the
loss of untold numbers at diffi-
cult points along the Russian
defence line. The Germans seem
to have set their heart on getting
into the Polish capital, even
though they must know full well
that when the garrison abandons it
(assuming that this should become
necessary) there will be nothing
left worth seizing. Perhaps they
are out for "moral effect" again.
One's chief regret, in the event
of Warsaw's falling into Prussian
hands, would be the wrecking of
the historic buildings there.
Moreover Warsaw contains a
valuable library, which German
loots could no more resist de-
stroying than a child can resist
the temptation to play with
matches if it gets the chance.

Mr. Balfour and the Enemy's
Misreckonings.

Mr. Balfour, in his speech
on Declaration Day, out-
lined the general position
very neatly, and drew attention
to one or two considerations
of which both Allies and enemy
may very easily lose sight. The
war, originally, was not essen-
tially Britain's war. Our Govern-
ment saw Belgium's neutrality
violated without a shadow of ex-
cuse, and saw France, to whom
it was bound by treaty, saddled
with a war which had been in
no way of her own seeking. It
therefore made an offer of a hun-
dred and sixty thousand men,
and—implicitly we may take it—
of the loan of a part of the Brit-
ish fleet, in fulfilment of the
obligation to which membership
of the Entente bound her. If
Mr. Balfour pointed out that
Britain has done far more than
she set out to do, the Allies are
well aware that he spoke in no un-
generous spirit—"See what we've
done for you!" sort of business
—but that his sole object was to
make things a little clearer to the
voter at home, and to the enemy.

The ungenerous man does not
finish by saying: "This is what
we have done, but it's nothing to
what we're prepared to do if
France wants more help." And
after all what we are doing for
France, France would as readily
do for us. If proceeds Mr.
Balfour, Germany had foreseen
how the war would go, not a life
would have been lost. How can
there be a doubt as to this? The
Kaiser, in his tragic conceit,
seems to have thought that he had
but to breathe for all people, na-
tions and languages to worship and
obey. He probably never dreamt
that Britain would want to cut
in, and assumed that there would
be just one big rush on France,
and all would be over. We hope
he enjoys his disillusionment.

Turkey and Italy.

There appears to be no small
significance in the announcement
that an Italian officer is negotiat-
ing with the British headquarters
in the Near East, as to co-opera-
tion against Turkey. Already
Italy has been a terrible dis-
appointment to the enemy, for,
without drawing unduly on her
resources, she has dealt some
smashing blows at Austria on
Austria's own ground, and at a
comparatively trifling cost. She
has a useful navy and many
thousands of troops on whom she
may never have to call for work
in the Alpine districts; and from
these it should be possible for her
to despatch most valuable re-
inforcements to Gallipoli if need be.

PETROGRAD OFFICIAL POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

STORY OF DNIESTER STRATEGY.

OVER 120,000 ENEMY CASUALTIES IN A MONTH.

SIGNS OF DEMORALISATION.

Petrograd, June 18.—The fol-
lowing official statement is issued
here:—

The development of the battle
on the sixty-verst Tysonovka
Swika front, on which one of the
six armies attacking us in Galicia
is operating, may give some idea
of the magnitude of the actions in
progress in those regions. The
significance of the operations in
the direction of the Stry lies in
the fact that they are an endea-
vour to turn our front opposed to
the phalanx of General Mackensen.
The eventual success of the
enemy in the direction of Stry and
Lemberg would attribute decisive
importance to General Macken-
sen's offensive, which, in the con-
trary event, becomes merely a
series of fruitless frontal attacks,
from a strategic point of view.

The above-mentioned sector of
the Dniester, however, is not the
scene of the principal fighting,
even with regard to the number
of troops engaged there.

On May 15 the enemy army,
closely followed our troops which
were retiring from the Carpa-
thians; met our opposition in the
region east of Drohobycz, near Stry
and Bolachow. Towards May 18 the
enemy brought into action all his
forces, but at the end of two days
he was compelled to stop his
offensive, having lost tens of
thousands of men. His only suc-
cess in the eight days of fighting
was the turning of our right wing
near Slonisko, with a threat of
outflanking.

Four Day's Shelling.

During this week we remained
passive, confining ourselves to
exterminating the enemy as he
approached our trenches. Then,
for four days, the enemy concen-
trated his heavy artillery and the
complementary elements and on
May 25 began his decisive attack.
The crisis came on the fifth day
of fighting. A powerful force
composed of three German divi-
sions succeeded, at the price of
incredible sacrifices, in carrying
off the bridge-heads in the direc-
tion of Mikolaisew, losing several
thousand men. An attack near
Zidaczow was repulsed, but on
the night of June 6 Botmer crossed
the Dniester near Zurayno,
and, towards June 8, occupied
on the left bank of the river, a
district twenty versts in length
and fifteen versts deep.

On June 8 and 9 the bulk of
the German forces suffered a
decisive defeat and was thrown
back across the Dniester. Never-
theless, already on June 13 the
commander of the enemy army
supporting the beginning of a
general offensive delivered a new
attack with the remains of his
regiments, directing the principal
forces of the German main body
along the right bank of the Stry
against the bridge-heads near
Zidaczow.

Enormous Losses.

Towards June 15 the day came
for another reverse to the enemy.
At Beresnia and Kravetska
alone we killed with the bayonet
and buried 1,000 Germans who
were abusing the white flag.
Between May 29 and June 15 we
captured in this sector about
40,000 prisoners, 880 officers,
well over 100 machine-guns, and
over two dozen guns. The total
losses of the enemy during one
month on a front of 80 versts is
between 120,000 and 150,000
men.

Large additional columns de-
scended the slopes of the Car-
pathians daily and reinforced the
enemy. Many supplementary
elements, originally destined for
Eastern Prussia, met their final
fate in the valley of the Stry.

Police Reserve order issued to-
day by Mr. E. O. Jenkin D.S.P.
(Reserve) State:—

Guards

(Central Police Station). 9.45
p.m. Friday, August 6th. British
2 sergeants and 10 men, Chinese
1 sergeant and 8 men, Portuguese
2 sergeants and 12 men, O. O.
Guard, Crown Sergeant Watt.

Saturday, August 7th. British
1 sergeant and 7 men, Portuguese
2 sergeants and 13 men, Chinese
2 sergeants and 14 men, O. O.
Guard, Sergeant Major Roylance.

Sunday, August 8th. British
1 Sgt. and 7 men, Portuguese
2 Sergeants and 13 men, Chinese
1 Sergeant and 7 men, Indian 1
Sergeant and 7 men, O. O. Guard,
Chief Inspector Mason.

Monday, August 9th. British
1 Sgt. and 4 men, Chinese 2
Sergeants and 13 men, Portuguese
1 Sergeant and 10 men, Indian 1
Sergeant and 7 men, O. O. Guard,
Inspector D'Almeida, N. O. Offi-
cers Parade.

All N. O. Officers will Parade
in multi, with rifles, under the
D. S. P. at the Central Police
Station on Monday, August 9th,
and Thursday, August 12th at 6
p.m.

Substitutes for Guard.
Any member detailed for Guard
who finds it impossible to attend
is made responsible for providing
a substitute and for advising the
O. O. Guard accordingly at the
Charge Room.

Martini Carbine No. 91.
The member of the Portuguese
or Indian Company to whom the
above Carbine was issued is re-
quested to return same to the
Sore Sergeant at the Central
Police Station and to draw
another in its place. The number
will be found on a small circular
brass plate let into the butt.

DOCTOR SUMMONS TAILOR.

Trouble over an Altered Coat.

This morning the Police Court,
before Mr. R. Lindsell, Dr. Joseph
Glaister summoned Ho-Hing-lee,
tailor, of Des Voeux Road Central,
for assault.

The case for the complainant
was that Mrs. Glaister took his
coat to the defendant's shop to
have some alterations made. Dr.
Glaister went for the coat but
was told he could not have it
unless he signed a receipt for it.
Complainant refused to do this,
and as the defendant declined to
hand the coat over, the former
went behind the counter to get it.
He secured the garment, but, as
he was leaving the shop, the de-
fendant stopped him and tried to
prevent his leaving.

Mr. Lindsell, dismissing the
case, remarked that although
what the complainant had done
was very natural, his going behind
the counter constituted a trespass,
and the defendant could not be
held to have committed an
assault.

His Reply.—A Londoner was
showing some country relatives
the sights of London one day re-
cently, and was pointing out a
magnificent old residence built
years ago by a famous and rather
unscrupulous lawyer of his time.
"And," the Londoner was asked,
"was he able to build a house
like that by his practices?"
"Yes," was the reply, "by his
practices and his practices."

Serious symptoms of demoralisa-
tion are now apparent in the
ranks of the enemy in the direc-
tion of Mikolaisew.

It is curious to trace the re-
flexion of events on the Dniester
on the enemy's official announce-
ments. Every step, before it has
been completed by the Germans,
has been reported in their official
communiqués as their victory and
a disorderly flight of the Russians.
On the following day the Ger-
man communique states that the
German army is successfully re-
sisting the pressure of the Rus-
sians.

On the third day it is announ-
ced that the Russians have great
forces at their disposal in the
region in question. Such a se-
quence has been performed on
three occasions by the enemy's
communiqué during one month
of fighting on the Dniester.

PRINCE OF WALES FUND.

Subscription List No. 43.

Dr. G. D. R. Black, 2nd Sub	\$50
Members of the Institution of Engineers and Shipwrights (June)	240
Bhagat Singh...	5
Staff, Taikoo Sugar Refinery Co. Ltd. (July)	378.45
Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Platt (July)	20
Mr. D. Neilson	10
Collected by K. M. Lennon at Green v. Witcomb match. Kowloon Cricket Club	12
Mr. S. E. Green	25
Officers H. M. S. "Tamar"	21
Master Eddie Abraham St. of Standard Oil Co. of N. Y. (11th Sub.)	110
"Windfall"	37
Police, 10th Sub.	291
Mr. S. G. N. Wall	15
Mr. R. D. Harvey's Fund. Collected by Capt. H. D. Jones	\$75
Capt. and Mrs. H. D. Jones	\$30
Mr. F. G. Becke	15
Mr. J. H. Woolcott	20
Mr. W. L. Forester	10

Collected by Capt. C. A. Munton, Amoy:	
Capt. and Mrs. Munton	15
Miss E. O. Sullivan	7
Mr. J. Noble	10
Mr. J. Gibbon	10
Mr. H. C. Man	10
Mr. G. E. Matthews	5

Collected by the Victoria Dispensary:	
Mr. J. H. May	\$10
Capt. J. S. Lewington	2
W. H.	250
Mr. A. P. Nobbs	5
Mr. E. W. H. James	5
Mr. Lewis Guy	5
Mr. F. W. Stapleton	5
Mr. J. R. Capell	5
Mr. F. E. pp	5
Mr. A. W. Gibb	250
J. E.	3

Collected by Mr. H. Murray Bain:	
Mr. W. A. Donaldson	15
Mr. W. F. Knapton	3
Mr. E. Seth	5
Mr. G. Harper	5
Mr. H. Murray Bain	15

Collected by Mr. R. D. Harvey:	
Herbert Guffe, E. q. C.M.G. 13th Sub.	50
Capt. S. O. H. Wilde	10
St. of Cement Works, Kowloon	73
Mr. C. G. Fry	10
Mr. E. F. Lyle	750
Mr. F. Beverington	19
Miss Baylis	5
Mr. P. W. A. Wilkie	2
Mr. F. A. Coleman	3
Mr. W. McK. y	3
Mr. A. E. Hurvey	3
Mr. & Mrs. M. Grant	2
Inspector G. Sims	3
H. B.	5

195.50	
\$1,618.93	
Already acknowledged Lists 1/42	259,482.54
	261,101.49

Less discount on subscription for July	10.52
	261,090.97
Monthly subscriptions Already acknowledged Lists 1/42	52,412.31
	54,725.21
	315,816.18

Remitted to London:	
£17,000 at 1/9 5/16	
£7,000 at 1/9 5/16	
1/10 £2,000 at 1/9 5/16	29,117.47
Balance in hand	25,693.71
N. J. STABB, Hon. Treasurer.	
Hongkong August 5, 1916	

At a Big Dinner.—A young doctor who had never been able to smoke a cigar without feeling ill, once attended a big dinner. When cigars were brought in he refused one. "What! Not smoking?" exclaimed his host. "Why, my dear fellow, you lose half your dinner!" "Yes, I know, I do," meekly replied the doctor, "but if I smoked one I should lose the whole of it."

A TOUR IN THE TRENCHES.

The Meaning of a "Quiet" Day

British Headquarters June 17.—It was in a dug-out that I first realized the wealth of suppression which is concealed behind the mere wording of an uneventful communique. There were just three of us in this mud-walled bolt hole, and the Brigade Major was talking to the regimental officer before starting on his normal daily round of our lines. "What about that German mine opposite Z?" "Oh, it's not a mine after all. The noise is simply made by rats." The Major turned to me with a laugh. "New men (he said) are apt to be nervous for a time and many false alarms are given." "And that machine gun in W?" he proceeded. "It's repaired and at work again. The Germans sent two or three shells into the place last night, so we're probably troubling them a bit."

"How's the man getting his line now?" "He's still taking it from the swathe in the corn." The Major grunted mildly. "The dead stump's still there, I see. Better tell him to take a line over that." The conversation drifts off on to technical questions for a while, and the two men discuss the feasibility of starting a new sap-head here, or of mounting a machine gun there. The one at Y, it appears, has not been doing enough damage lately. "We'll rig up a dummy one in its place," says the regimental officer, "for the Germans will miss it and they'll be terribly disappointed." A subaltern passed by our "window" at this minute. Not long ago he had been sitting in his dug-out in a place which had never before been shelled within quite 40 yards, when plump! came a 9.2 which buried him and three of his men. A corporal however, got a party to work, and though half a dozen more shells fell near by, the buried men were safely extricated.

A Rabbit-Whore of Trenches.

The Major stood up, gave his parting instructions, and we crawled out of the dug-out and began our round. For six solid hours we tramped through mazes of trenches into which the June sun beat down with unclouded heat; we wriggled into sap-heads along which there was not room to walk except sideways; we crawled under traverse bridges beneath which the mud and water welled up with turbid bubbles over the tops of our boots, and through a tunnel which has been out clean under a road. Backwards and forwards we twisted and doubled in that labyrinth along the gentle slopes facing a ruin with gaping white walls and splintered red roofs. At one point we were only 50 yards from the Germans, and a few minutes later we were separated from them by all the perilous security of 400 yards.

The Major trudged on with the unerring instinct of a Hampton Court guide, pausing now and again to explain that this unexpected trench or that had not simply "grewed," like Topsy, but was dug to meet a German work which threatened us from over there or to join up a sap-head out yonder. For one quarter of an hour we ourselves had the Germans hot on our tail. Six shells of the "whizz-bang" variety landed within 15 or 20 yards of us, and a sniper's bullet even grazed the cheek of a man by our side.

"That's for the Lusitania."

Nothing escaped the eye of that Major. At one place he stopped to see how a new form of irritation was acting, and to show a man how to fire his rifle with less danger to himself and more to the enemy. At another point he commented briefly on the position of a loop-hole, and gave orders for its better concealment. Another tier of sandbags—not "Sister Sannies"—was advisable there, as the Germans were obviously peppering the tree stumps a few yards away on to the left on the chance of

CHINA'S ECONOMICAL ACTIVITY.

In Eastern Mongolia.

China's attention to Eastern Mongolia, especially since the announcement of the Sino-Japanese Treaty, is remarkable, to say the least. It stands out all the more conspicuously that, since Japan has disclaimed either political or strategic pretensions to Eastern Mongolia and means to establish her economical interests therein, the Peking Government, which has on its hands a thousand and one enterprises of far greater importance clamouring for immediate attention, seems to be nearly lost in engineering one or another scheme of economical nature in Eastern Mongolia.

According to a recent issue of the Asia Japan, the Chinese Government is reported to have formed the following plans for execution in Eastern Mongolia:— 1. A special fund shall be provided for founding new industries and for developing the pastoral pursuits of the Mongolians. 2. Commercial and industrial unions of all kinds shall be organized for the purpose of furnishing employment to the Mongolian unemployed. 3. Mongolians shall be recruited for taking up agricultural and colonising pursuits so that Mongolia may develop into a great agricultural country.

In addition to the above, the Peking Government proposes to establish the Sino-Mongolian Bank on a capital of \$3,000,000, one-half of which is to be put up by the Government and the other half of which is to be opened to public subscription. The new Bank is to operate at Kulun, Kiakta, and Maimeicheng, which have already become important centres of Russo-Mongolian trade, but are not yet provided with an adequate financing medium. A further report says that both the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications are to open branch offices at the above-mentioned three places in confirmation of the previous report.

getting a machine. Opposite to this trench the Germans had dropped a couple of howitzer shells the other day amongst their own men, and you should have heard our fellows' derisive cheers, though the Boches would certainly try to get quit with them somehow. Yes, it was a risky business using howitzers when the trenches were so few yards apart, but of course, each side had its dodges for obviating these regrettable incidents.

Did I see that man over there? He was a tough customer. The other day he had caught a stray German and bayoneted him with theory. "That's for the Lusitania"; then, as an after-thought, he lunged again, saying, "And that's for myself." There was no love lost between us and the enemy. Not long ago a German came forward shouting, "I am a Christian." "You're a Christian, are you?" was the reply. "Well, now you'll get promotion to be an angel," and a bullet put an end to another German ruse.

Return of an Air Scout. And so at last, as the dusk was beginning to fall, we came out through the highway of the communication trench, and then, springing across a few yards of open ground, we walked down the road leading to the regimental headquarters. A sharp burst of artillery and machine-gun fire made us turn our heads. Flying low in the darkening sky was a British aeroplane. You could see the flash of the exploding shells as distinctly as the spark of a match struck in the dark, and the familiar white puffs of smoke slowly uncoiled themselves in the heavens above, below, ahead, and astern of the machine, so that when she had escaped she left behind her a wake of wreathing clouds.

The Major took me into his quarters and dropped into a chair. We both stretched our legs wearily. An orderly brought drinks and cigarettes. "That," the Major said, "has been a typically quiet and peaceful day along our front."—Times.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Some of Our By-products and Specialities.

CORNER BEEF, CORNER PORK, VARIETY OF SAUSAGES, COOKED HAM, LARD, PRESSED BEEF, SMOKED TONGUES, CORNER TONGUES, PORK PIES, &C., &C. WHICH CANNOT BE EXCELLED FOR QUALITY.

TELEGRAMS.

CLODBURST IN AMERICA.

25 PERSONS KILLED. (Reuter's Service To The "Telegraph.") London, Received, Aug. 4. Reuter's correspondent at Erie (Pennsylvania), says that a cloudburst broke the dams, and the waters have inundated the city. 25 persons are said to have been killed and the damage is estimated at millions of dollars. [Erie, is the capital of Erie county, Pennsylvania, on Lake Erie, 88 miles S.W. of Buffalo and 95 N.E. of Cleveland.]

A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

LEADING EVENTS IN THE GREAT WAR.

Extracts from the war news contained in the "Hongkong Telegraph" of August 6, 1914.

Turkey Mobilising. The very significant news has been received that Turkey has ordered a general mobilisation.

General Joffre. It is reported from Paris that General Joffre has left for the frontier.

Belgian Determination. The King of the Belgians, addressing the Chamber of Deputies at Brussels said: "If we have to resist the invasion of our soil we are armed and ready to make the greatest sacrifices. The one duty imposed upon us is stubborn resistance with courage and union, to guard the supreme welfare of our country."

Invasion of Belgium. It is officially announced that the Germans have invaded Belgium.

The British Navy. The Gazette announces that Admiral Jellicoe has been given supreme command of the Fleet, and that Rear Admiral Madden has been appointed Chief of Staff.

KWANGTUNG RELIEF FUND.

Subscription List No. 9. The Tung Wah Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the Kwangtung Flood Relief Fund.

T. T. from Port Darwin £52.11/-, \$591.71. Hongkong Fire Insurance Co. Ltd. \$500.00. Canton Insurance Office, Ltd. \$500.00. 84 Chinese subscribers of \$5 each \$420.00. The Literary Class of Ha Kung Village in Haung Shan District \$393.84. Mr. A. R. Marty \$250.00. Members, Teachers & Pupils of Tai Yut School \$222.70. Natives of the Sheung Chak Village in Haung Shan District \$82.90. Mr. Tong Yuen \$50.00. Mr. Tong Sik \$50.00. Per Messrs. Cheung Kim-Fai and Chung Sat Kwan's Subscription Book \$38.50. Messrs. Tak Cheung Wo \$25.00. Messrs. Wing Hop Loong \$7.98. European Subscriber of \$5 and 1 of 50 cents \$5.50. Already acknowledged \$375.966.45. Total \$379,103.38.

A QUESTION OF TITLE.

Chinese and the Use of "Doctor."

This morning in the Police Court, before Mr. J. R. Wood, Wong Him, of 32A Osine Road, was charged with prefixing the title of doctor to his name, implying that he was possessed of medical qualifications.

Mr. P. M. Hodgson, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted. Mr. Leo D'Almada e Castro, for the defence, said they admitted using the title, but claimed that it was qualified by the addition of the words "Chinese Medical Practitioner." The inscription was on a large brass plate. He applied for a date for legal argument. The case was adjourned to Thursday at 11 a.m.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

WARNING.

"LE PETIT CHAT" SAVON EXTRA FIN. ("CAT" MARK BRAND OF PERFUMED SOAP).

MESSRS. C. FERRIER & CO., the proprietors and manufacturers of this well-known perfumed soap, have ascertained that soap made by other manufacturers is being placed on the market under a mark which is a gross imitation of the registered "LE PETIT CHAT" mark belonging to MESSRS. C. FERRIER & CO. Such manufacturers are warned that MESSRS. C. FERRIER & CO. will not hesitate to take all steps open to them to stop such fraudulent competition. And all merchants and shopkeepers are warned that steps will be taken without notice against any persons found selling or in the possession of soap bearing a mark which is an imitation of "LE PETIT CHAT" mark of MESSRS. C. FERRIER & CO. The sole representative of MESSRS. C. FERRIER & CO. in Hongkong is MR. R. NEGRE of the firm of L. NEGRE, 93 RUE DE LA REPUBLIQUE, MARSEILLES.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Members are reminded of re-Confirmatory Meeting to be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 12.45 p.m. at the Jockey Club Office Hongkong Club Annex. —SIL P. White, Acting Clerk of the Course.

TO LET.

To Let.—Large Furnished Room, with or without board. Apply 11 Hankow Road, Kowloon.

WANTED.

A lady returning to England in September desires the services of someone as children's nurse during the voyage in return yfth passage (first class if necessary) a Apply to—"C.A." of The Hongkong Telegraph.

NOTICE.

TO HIRE OR PURCHASE. Wanted two large Steam Launches with Extensive passenger accommodation. Monthly Charter preferable. Negotiable with A. B. C. of Hongkong Telegraph.



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2564	SUSSEX BY THE SEA	Thorpe Bates
	TILL HE BOYS COME HOME	
2562	ASSENT	Gerald O'Brien
	I KNOW OF TWO BRIGHT EYES	
2561	JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE MOTHER	Quartette
	COMRADES	
2557	THE AUSTRALIAN PATROL	H.M. Scots Guards' Band
	COMMONWEALTH MARCH	
2534	AM I ALONE (PATIENCE)	Walter Patmore
	WHEN I GO OUT OF DOOR	
2521	PERHAPS YOU DON'T IMAGINE	Walter Patmore
	THE BIG BRASS BAND	Patmore & Howe

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For	Steamship	On
MANILA	Yuensang	Sat., 7th Aug. at 3 p.m.
W. WEL, O'foo & Tientsin	Chipshing	Sun., 8th Aug. at d'light
SHANGHAI	Hangsang	Sun., 8th Aug. at d'light
SINGAPORE	Onsang	Tues., 10th Aug. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Choyang	Thur., 12th Aug. at d'light
HOIHOW & Haiphong	Loksang	Thur., 12th Aug. at 6 a.m.
SANDAKAN	Hinsang	Fri., 13th Aug. at noon
MANILA	Loongsang	Sat., 14th Aug. at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	Mausang	Wed., 18th Aug. at noon

Return Tours to Japan.

The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang" and "Fooksang," leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan, returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Yatsing" and "Kumsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
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Hongkong, 29th May, 1915.

VESSELS LOADING.

EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched.
Marseilles via Ports	Polynesian	M. M.	7, Aug.
M's, L'don via S'pore etc.	Mishima M.	N. Y. K.	12, Aug.
London via Usual Ports of Call	Malta	P. & O.	14, Aug.
New York via Ports & Suez Canal	Indrawadi	S. T. Co.	17, Aug.
London via Usual Ports of Call	Novara	P. & O.	27, Aug.
London	Radnorshire	J. M. Co.	28, Aug.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA.

Via T'm via K'lung & S'hai B.O.	Seattle M.	O. S. K.	6, Aug.
San F'co via S'hai & Japan & Co.		P. M. Co.	10, Aug.
Vancouver and Seattle	Saikai M.	J. M. Co.	10, Aug.
Via B.C. & S'ile via K'lung & Co.	Awa M.	N. Y. K.	10, Aug.
San F'co via Manila & Japan & Co.	Siberia	P. M. Co.	17, Aug.
San F'co via S'hai & Japan etc.	Chiyō M.	T. K. K.	24, Aug.
San F'co via S'hai & Japan & Co.	China	P. M. Co.	31, Aug.
Mexican, Peruvian and Chile			
Ports via Japan	Anyo M.	T. K. K.	10, Sept.
San F'co via M'la & Japan & Co.	Nippon M.	T. K. K.	28, Sept.

AUSTRALIA.

Australian Ports via Manila	Eastern	G. L. Co.	8, Aug.
Australian Ports via Manila	Hitchi M.	N. Y. K.	17, Aug.

SINGAPORE, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.

S'pore, Pang, P'oon & Calcutta	Colombo M.	N. Y. K.	6, Aug.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haimun	D. L. Co.	6, Aug.
Batavia, Cherbon, Samarang, & Co.	Tikembang	J.C.J. L.	7, Aug.
Manila	Yuensang	J. M. Co.	7, Aug.
Shanghai, Moji & Kobe	Rangoon M.	N. Y. K.	9, Aug.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Amazon	M. M.	9, Aug.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Taming	B. & S.	10, Aug.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haitan	D. L. Co.	10, Aug.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Tango M.	N. Y. K.	14, Aug.
Manila	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	14, Aug.
Mauritius and South African	Madawaska	B. L. L.	25, Aug.
Ports	Nore	P. & O.	26, Aug.
S'hai, Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Tjipanas	J.C.J. L.	Q. desp.
Shanghai	Tjitaroom	J.C.J. L.	Q. desp.
Shanghai	Tjilatjap	J.C.J. L.	Q. desp.
Japan	Tjimanook	J.C.J. L.	Q. desp.
Shanghai	Tjibodas	J.C.J. L.	Q. desp.
Shanghai			

TO SAIL

HONGKONG-NEW YORK.



AMERICAN ASIATIC S.S. Co.

FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK.

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast).

The s.s. "INDRAWADI."

on or about 15th August 1915.

For freight and further particulars, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
General Agents.MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.

CANADIAN MAIL.

The C. P. R. s.s. MONTREAL arrived
at Vancouver on Friday the 30th July, at
4 p.m.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The P. M. s.s. SIBERIA sailed from
Yokohama on the 28th inst. for Hongkong
via Manila.
The P. M. s.s. MANCHURIA arrived
at San Francisco on the 28th inst.

AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The A. & O. s.s. MADAWASKA
from New York is due to arrive at Hong-
kong on the 19th August.The Australian Oriental Line s.s.
CHANGSHA left Sydney for Hongkong
via Queensland and Philippine Ports on
the 4th inst. and may be expected to ar-
rive here on or about the 29th inst.The Mopai Line s.s. PATHAN from
United Kingdom left Singapore on the 1st
inst. and is therefore expected to arrive
here on or about Saturday the 7th inst.The O. & A. Line s.s. SALAMIS arrived
at Durban on the 3rd inst.The s.s. JAPAN sailed from Calcutta
this morning and may be expected here
on or about the 19th inst.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamers.

Oriental, Br. s.s. 3,035, Valencia, 25th July
—Shanghai, Gen. — P. & O.Anna, Nov. s.s. 1,017, A. Amur, 26th July
Bangkok, 19th July, Rice—
Thomson & Co.Sungking, Br. s.s. 987, J. Robinson, 26th
July—Iloilo, 21st July, Sugar—
Butterfield & Swire.Tamon Maru, Jap. s.s. 2,119, D. Nani
27th July—Mororan, 17th July.
Coal—M. B. K.Onsang, Br. s.s. 1,789, Tough, 29th July—
Chongwantao, 22nd July, Coal—
J. M. & Co.Mexico City, Br. s.s. 3,519, N. A. Starkey,
30th July—Balgain, 26th July,
Rice—Chinese.Kaifong, Br. s.s. 987, J. B. Evans, 30th
July—Hothow, 29th July, Gen.—
B. & S.Tikembang, Dut. s.s. 5,028, Jurriane, 1st
inst.—Kobe, 26th ult., Gen.—J.
C.J.L.Foolies, China s.s. 859, B. Miyaka, 1st
inst.—Bangkok, 23rd ult., Rice—
Chinese.Seattle Maru, Jap. s.s. 3,619, M. Nemoto,
1st inst.—Manila, Gen.—Order.Halohing, Br. s.s. 2,237, W. C. Passmore,
1st inst.—Swatow, 29th ult., Gen.—
D. L. & Co.Awa Maru, Jap. s.s. 3,012, J. Hori, 2nd
inst.—Shanghai, Gen.—N. Y. K.Aldunham, Br. s.s. 2,410, G. L. Smith, 3rd
inst.—Melbourne, 31st ult., Gen.—
G. L. & Co.Haimun, Br. s.s. 641, Stewart, 4th inst.—
Swatow, 3rd inst., Gen.—D. L. &
Co.Yuensang, Br. s.s. 1,129, W. M. Mosney,
4th inst.—Manila, Gen.—J. M. &
Co.Chenan, Br. s.s. 1,342, Wm. L. Jones, 4th
inst.—Shanghai, 31st ult., Gen.—
B. & S.Korea, Am. s.s. 5,651, A. W. Nelson, 4th inst.—
Manila, 2nd inst., Gen.—P. M.
S. Co.Hinsang, Br. s.s. 1,885, A. C. Kennedy, 4th
inst.—Sandakan, 29th ult., Gen.—
J. M. & Co.Tikun, Dut. s.s. 6,090, Lap, 4th inst.—
Batavia, 24th ult., Gen.—J.C.J.L.Hailan, Fr. s.s. 377, Dom. Bazin, 4th inst.—
Hollow, 1st inst., Gen.—Order.Skule, Norw. s.s. 682, Odd Randers, 4th
Aug.—Bangkok, 25th ult., Rice—
Chinese.Easton, Br. s.s. 2,272, F. Carter, 4th Aug.—
Kobe, Gen.—G. L. & Co.Hangchow, Br. s.s. 699, Cain, 4th August
—Port Courbet, 31st ult., Coal—
B. & S.

TO SAIL.

FOR VANCOUVER AND
SEATTLE.

The Steamship

"SAKAI MARU" 10th Aug.

"SEIKO MARU" End of Aug.

"GISHUN MARU" M. of Sept.

For freight and particulars,
apply to**JARDINE, MATHESON**& Co., Ltd.
Agents.

Hongkong, 4th Aug., 1915.

TO SAIL.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS FARES.

GREAT NORTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

s.s. "MINNESOTA." (CAPT. T. W. GARLICK.)

Capacity 28,000 Tons. 27,500 Tons Gross Register. Length 680
Feet. Beam 73½ Feet.

EQUIPPED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Sails from Hongkong

For SEATTLE via MANILA, NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA,
KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

Hongkong, Manila & Shanghai to Seattle or San Francisco	£36
Round Trip Tickets (Good for Six Months)	54
Nagasaki to Seattle or San Francisco	33
Round Trip Tickets (Good for Six Months)	49.10
Kobe and Yokohama to Seattle or San Francisco	31
Round Trip Tickets (Good for Six Months)	46.10
Manila, Hongkong, Shanghai or Japan Ports of call to London and Return (Six Months)	109
Manila, Hongkong, Shanghai or Japan Ports of call to London and Return (24 Months)	114
Reduced rates to all Ports in the United States, Canada, and Europe.	

Luxurious Passenger Accommodation—Suites and State-rooms
(all outside rooms), Music room, Library, Smoking room, Nursery,
Laundry, Telephones, etc.DIRECT connection at Seattle with Great Northern and
Northern Pacific Railways for all points in the United States,
Canada and Europe.Cabin passengers may travel by rail if desired between ports
of Yokohama, Kobe and Nagasaki, without extra charge.

Special rates to Missionaries, and their families.

For full information regarding freight and passage apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Prince's Building.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For	Steamer	Sails.
LONDON	Kandahar	25th Aug.

Subject to change without notice.

For rates of freight and further information apply to

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

Hongkong, 29th July 1915.

General Agents.

"GLEN LINE"

(McGREGOR GOW & Co.) Ltd.

For Genoa, London & Hull

For freight and Further Particulars, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & Co.

Hongkong 9th July, 1915.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used At: A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering, First and Second Edition; Western Union and Watkin
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers.

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light Steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS—

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH ON REEL PLACES	ENTRANCE HEADTH	DEPTH OF WATER AT ORDINARY SPRING TIDES	DEPTH OF WATER AT LOWEST SPRING TIDES	SIZE OF VESSEL
KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	100	100	10	10	1000
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	100	100	10	10	1000
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	100	100	10	10	1000
Prince's Dock, No. 1 Kowloon	100	100	10	10	1000
Prince's Dock, No. 2 Kowloon	100	100	10	10	1000
SAIKOKE DOCK					
Competition Dock	100	100	10	10	1000
AKERMAN					
Hong Dock	100	100	10	10	1000
Lowest Dock	100	100	10	10	1000

Please Address Enquiries to the Chief Manager:

E. M. DYER B.Sc. M.I.N. Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

Telephone No. 20, Hongkong.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH.

EXTRA

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1915.

TO-DAY'S LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

WARSAW.

REPORTED OCCUPIED BY GERMANY.

August 5, 6.00 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam a Berlin communique says that Warsaw is occupied by German troops.

RUSSIAN REARGUARD'S STUBBORN RESISTANCE.

August 5, 6.00 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Berlin the army of Prince Leopold of Bavaria last night took the outer and inner line of forts at Warsaw, where the Russian rearguard offered a stubborn resistance. The city was occupied this morning by "our" troops.

MR BONAR LAW'S SPEECH.

GREATER POWERS FOR THE DOMINIONS.

August 5, 3.00 p.m.
Mr. Bonar Law in his speech at Folkestone further said that there was no more striking example in the world to-day than the part played by the British Dominions. The Germans had lost in Africa territory as large as the German Empire. The forces of the self governing Dominion, were led by its Premier, and the feeling of pride in that victory was increased enormously by the knowledge that the man who had fought against England only fifteen years ago was the man who gave his word to stand by the Empire. He was standing by it nobly to-day.

Mr. Bonar Law paid a tribute to the deeds of the Canadians and the Australians. Things would not be the same after the war. The mother-land had already arranged with the Dominions that they should have their say in the peace negotiations. That was a great step, but only a step. He had long hoped, and now believed, that the time would come when the whole of the Dominions, in proportion to their population and resources, would share with the mother-land the duty and honour of governing the Empire.

TRAITOR OR MANIAC?

IRISH PRISONERS TRY TO LYNCH CASEMENT.

August 5, 3.00 p.m.
Americans who have arrived at Berne from Germany state that Sir Roger Casement went to visit the Irish prisoners in camp in order to suborn them against England, but that, immediately he began to speak, the prisoners made a rush and would have lynched him if an armed guard had not surrounded him.

GERMANS IN BELGIUM.

ANNIVERSARY DEMONSTRATION NOT INVITED.

August 5, 3.00 p.m.
German proclamations in Antwerp and Brussels prohibited any demonstrations or even the wearing of badges in connection with the anniversary of the war. It was notified that street demonstrations would be suppressed by force of arms.

DAY BY DAY.

The Extradition Case.
Continuing his evidence in the extradition proceedings, against Hong Shiu Lung on three charges of murder, Inspector Watt, in answer to Mr. Brunsden's cross-examination, said that much of his evidence, as to investigations, made at San To Chut, was, except regarding photographs etc., hearsay. He had not brought down the books of the Yu Tai shop, the building in which the first murder was alleged to have taken place, because he did not think them essential. The case was again adjourned.

Memo. of Cargo.
The Memo. of Cargo Shipped per P. and O. s.s. "Kashgar" which sailed on July 30, is as follows:—London: 450 bales Waste Silk, 90 bales Raw Silk, 337½ Pkgs Tea, 5 Cases Bristles, 4 Cases Show Samples, 4 Cases Silk, 1 Case Embroideries, 3 Cases Furniture, 100 flasks quick Silver, 1 Case Books 1 Case, P. Effects, 22 Cases Opium, 8 Cases Caps, Rotterdam: 50 Boxes Tea, Manchester: 50 Boxes Waste Silk, Gibraltar: 1 C/s. Silk Piece Goods, 3 C/s. Silk Goods, Lyons: 85 bales Raw Silk, Marseilles: 5938 Pkgs Tea, 92 bales Raw Silk, 1000 Bags Edined Sugar.

THEATRE ROYAL.

"ARE YOU A MASON?"

The Howitt Phillips Company brought their very successful season to a close last night with that very old favourite "Are you a Mason?" The cast is a large one, and divides the work a little more equally than many comedies of its class, and all members of the company had reasonably good opportunities, which they used to full advantage.

At the close of the performance Mr. Howitt, on behalf of himself and his colleagues thanked the Hongkong public for its encouragingly appreciative attitude and said that they hoped to return to the Colony, if not after their visit to Manila, at any rate next Spring.

Jewellery Recovered.

In the case of the theft of jewellery from Mrs. Lindsay Wood, Humphrey's Buildings, we are informed that as the result of police investigations £35 worth has been recovered.

COMPANY REPORT.

The United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Ltd.
Report for presentation to the shareholders at the Nineteenth Ordinary Annual Meeting to be held at the Office of Messrs. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Queen's Building, on Thursday, August 19, 1915, at noon.

The general managers have the pleasure to lay before the shareholders the accompanying statement of accounts for the year ended 31st May, 1915.

Accounts.
The balance at the credit of profit and loss account, including \$1,429.97 brought forward from last year, is \$13,800.23, which it is proposed to appropriate as follows:—

To pay a dividend of 15 per cent. on ordinary shares ... 5,940.00
To pay a further dividend of 7½ per cent. on ordinary shares ... 2,970.00
To pay \$29.70 per share on 100 founders' shares ... 2,970.00
To carry forward to New Account ... 1,920.23
\$13,800.23

Auditor.
The Accounts now presented have been audited by Mr. C. Bernard Brown, A.C.A. in the absence of Mr. F. Maitland; the latter, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

DODWELL AND CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1915.

Balance Sheet at May 31, 1915.
Liabilities.
Capital 9,000 Ordinary shares of \$10, of which \$4 per share paid ... 39,600.00
100 founders' shares of \$10 fully paid ... 1,000.00

Reserve fund ... 40,600.00
Unclaimed dividends ... 2,026.90
Sundry creditors ... 14,754.98
Reserve for bad and doubtful debts ... 1,000.00
Reserve contingency account ... 3,500.00
Profit and loss account balance ... 13,800.23

Assets.
Launch "Gladiator" ... \$1,000.00
Furniture and fittings ... 500.00
As per last a/c ... 493.62
Since expended ... 993.62
Less written off ... 493.62
500.00

Value of material on hand ... 61,626.45
Unexpired portion of insurance policies ... 230.42
Sundry debtors ... 27,631.98
Cash in current account and on fixed deposit with bankers ... 30,505.42
Cash in hand ... 188.84

Profit and Loss Account for Year Ended 31st May, 1915.
To Auditor's fee ... 200.00
To Depreciation for year ended 31st May, 1915 ... 493.62
To Bad debts written off ... 54.02
To Roofing contingency a/c ... 1,000.00
To Balance ... 13,800.23

By Balance from last Account ... 1,429.97
By Interest ... 1,271.91
By Profit on trading ... 12,845.99
\$15,547.87

DODWELL & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
I report that I have audited the above balance sheet with the books and vouchers of the Company and in my opinion such balance sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Corps Orders issued to-day by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman V. D. Joined.

Private W. Bilbrough joined the Corps on 8th inst., allotted to the Corps No. 1387 and posted to Centre Section M. G. Co.

Parades for Saturday, 17th instant Nil.

Detail.
Gun Club Hill, Kowloon; On duty until morning of 12th inst.—Scouts Company. Officer on duty Capt. Stewart. Detachment Camp, Kowloon; On duty to-night Scouts Company. Officer on duty Lieut. Murphy. On duty to-morrow night—No. 1 Sec. Art. Batty. and 10 men of Right Section; M. G. Co. Officer on duty Capt. Wolfe. On duty 8th inst. Left Section M. G. Co. and 6 men of Right Section; M. G. Co. Officer on duty Captain Armstrong. Orderly Officer until 12th inst.—Lieut. Danby. Orderly Sergeant until 12th inst.—Sergeant Silas.

MR. BONAR LAW AND JACKS AND CO.

Statement in the House.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday afternoon, June 24, Mr. Ginnell asked the Prime Minister whether any members of his Majesty's Government held, or held until recently, a financial interest in the firm of Jacks and Company, recently convicted of trading with the enemy.

Mr. Bonar Law said that as the question referred to him he might be permitted to answer it. "I was for many years," he said, "a member of the firm referred to in the question, and I was still a partner in it when I entered the House of Commons.

For some months afterwards I continued my connection with it, but I came to the conclusion that I had to choose between business and politics, and at the end of the year 1901 I gave up my business and I gave it up absolutely (cheers). Since then—that is for more than thirteen years—I have had no control over the business and have had no knowledge of the arrangements it made, and although I had from time to time put money on deposit with them at a fixed rate of interest, I had no share or direct interest in the profit or loss of the company" (loud cheers).

Sir A. Markham: I desire to ask if any inquiry can be made into the mind of the hon. member who asks such questions (loud laughter).

Up to the Minute.

The following arrived too late for correction on our page 4.
Banks.—\$830, buyers.
Douglas's.—\$684, sales.
Douglas's Closing.—\$369, buyers.

Indos.—\$149, sales cash.
Langkate.—\$334, buyers.
Docks.—\$75, sales.
Docks Closing.—\$74, buyers.
Shanghai Docks.—\$55, buyers.
Shanghai Docks.—\$55, sales.
Shanghai Cottons.—\$101, sales.

Cements.—\$820, buyers.
Cements.—\$825, sales.
Low Level Trams.—\$520, buyers.

correct view of the state of the Company's affairs at the 31st May, 1915, according to the best of my information and the explanations given, and as shown by the books of the Company. The stocks have been certified as to quantity and value by the superintendents. I have obtained all the information and explanations I have required.

O. BERNARD BROWN, A.C.A.
Auditor.
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1915.

DEATH OF MR ALEX KENEALY.

Editor of the "Daily Mirror."

We regret to say the Times of June 23, to announce the death of Mr. Alexander Cookburn Kenealy, editor of the Daily Mirror for the past 11 years. He had been ill for some months.

He was born in 1864, a son of the famous Dr. Edward Kenealy, Q.C., M.P., counsel in the Tichborne case, and was a grandson of Lord Chief Justice Cockburn. He gave evidence of his future calling at the age of eight, when he started and edited a newspaper in his own home. Educated at University College and in France, by the time he was 18 he occupied a good position on the New York Herald, and while on the staff of that journal accompanied Peary's first Arctic expedition, being the only newspaper representative of the party. Later, he acted as the correspondent of the New York World with the American Fleet during the Spanish War.

Mr. Kenealy also worked on the staff of the New York American before he returned to England. From 1901 to 1904 he was news editor of the Daily Express, and in the latter year became editor of the Daily Mirror, which position he held until his death. He was the author of two books—"The Preposterous Yankee" (under the pseudonym of "Montagu Vernon Pousonby") and "The Letters of Alphonse Le Mouton."

A Colleague's Appreciation.
Perhaps the characteristic that friends and fellow-workers remember first about Alexander Kenealy was a certain quietness, almost a timidity, of manner in him. This was the expression of a genuine modesty in the man. What he dreaded, perhaps more than anything else, was "putting on side"; and the fact that he so rarely spoke of his achievements concealed from casual acquaintances the remarkable knowledge he possessed of almost every department of the profession he loved so well. He was "a born journalist," not only in the sense that he knew "what the public wants" and was prepared by experience of men and travel, to apply it with its news alertly and vividly written up with the addition of his own gift of a peculiarly dry humour, but also in the purely technical sense; for he knew also what he called the "machine-made part" of the journalist's business, as few journalists do.

What he was proud of, however, was not nearly so much this knowledge and the readiness with which he adapted it to the needs of ever-changing time and circumstance, as of the fact that he enjoyed journalism, as perhaps, again, few journalists do. I never heard him complain of work. Of holidays he did complain.

"Where are you going?" I asked him once, in that old necessary question one must put to the man just starting out. "Somewhere where I shall wonder why I've come" was the answer. Not that he did not enjoy his yachting, when he was well enough to take his boat out, and not that he could not appreciate travel as well as any man; but with him it was a delight to be in the main stream, and backwaters and drifting were never able to hold him for long. At a very impressionable age he had worked in America, but though American ideas, anecdotes, and traits always amused and in a sense influenced him, he was able also to "re-act" against them, and his book, "The Preposterous Yankee," showed him as a humorous critic of American ways and customs.

Many hardworking men, whose business brings them into constant association with others, his friends.

THE "HUMAN SPARK."

Theory of the Stowmarket Explosion.

A remarkable and interesting theory as to the cause of the fatal explosion which occurred on May 10 in a nitro-glycerine final-washing house at the Stowmarket factory of the New Explosives Company (Limited) is advanced by Major A. Cooper-Kay, his Majesty's Chief Inspector of Explosives, in his report on the circumstances of the disaster which has been issued by the Home Office.

On the morning of the accident cordite M.D. was in course of manufacture. It appears that at the moment of the accident two men in the building were on the point of handing out to two bogie runners the bags of cordite paste for removal to the handmixing house. Before being placed on the bogie the bags are wiped down to get rid of the gunnison dust and also to remove to some extent the water from the bottom of the bags due to their having been standing on a wet floor. In order to avoid the use of loose implement of any kind this operation was done by hand and not with a brush. It was a fine, dry, cold morning, and the two men in the building were wearing stout rubber overshoes, which would completely insulate them from electric contact with "earth." The bags were of rubber impregnated canvas, a marked dielectric, and in the case at any rate of a man with a naturally dry skin the operation of wiping the bags would undoubtedly have the effect of generating in his person a static charge of electricity which might well be sufficient to cause a spark to pass as soon as he should happen to "earth" himself by touching an uninsulated article.

"This may perhaps appear at first sight to be a somewhat far-fetched explanation of the accident, but I am convinced it is the true one. Mr. Duff Grant, the managing director of the New Explosives Company, told me that when on a visit to Canada, where, with the temperature below zero, the air is frequently practically free from moisture, he proved by personal trial that by rubbing the feet on a thick pile carpet the gas could be lit by a spark from the end of the finger, and this not occasionally, but every time. When I mentioned this to the Messrs. Dupre they said that their brother, who has been in Canada for some time, told them that on cold, dry days it was a favourite joke at five o'clock tea parties to shuffle the feet on the carpet before handing a plate of sandwiches, with the result that the person helping himself would receive quite a considerable electric shock."

affect a perhaps superficial friendliness of gesture and speech which does not always correspond to a genuine sentiment beneath the *faux bonhomme* is a sufficiently recognized type. There was nothing of that composition in Kenealy. Superficially, he appeared rather silent, even curt. He said little. It was only with longer acquaintance that you realized how lovable he was, how sympathetic, how affectionate. He was very fond of children and animals, on account of the simplicity which they reveal. He liked truthful men and straightforward "open" people. He disliked intrigues and schemers, as he did boasters and loud talkers. He loved quietly, but he loved well; and those who cared for him will know that he would like to be remembered and loved in just that unassuming way he showed so admirably himself towards his friends.

WAR BRIEFLETS.

The Chief Rabbi, accompanied by his chaplain, the Rev. Lipson, who was in khaki, left London on a visit to the front.

An explosion has taken place at the powder factory of Messrs. Cramer and Buchholz in Rabland, Harz. Six persons were killed.

An official return states the 189 Indian Senators and Deputies are fighting at the front, including several over seventy years of age.

Geneva, June 24. The *Journal de Geneve* estimates that 8,000 Germans have been captured during the past six weeks in the Artois sector.

Mr. Pearce, Minister of Defence, replying to a question, said the Australian Government did not propose to adopt compulsory service yet.

Mr. H. W. Forster stated, in the Commons on June 24, that recruiting was going on satisfactorily, though not an overwhelming number of recruits were coming forward.

The Italian Government will shortly issue a second Green Book containing hitherto unpublished diplomatic documents proving Austria's premeditation of the European war.

The Monmouthshire Chamber of Agriculture has received notification that enemy prisoners of war will conditionally be allowed to work on the harvest under guard near places of detention.

The Council of Victoria College, Wellington, by eight votes to two, has refused to dismiss an unnaturalized German professor. A large majority of his students and colleagues urged his retention.

It is announced in the *London Gazette* that Major-General M. A. Montgomery, Reserve of Officers, is temporarily appointed Director of Recruiting, vice Major-General F. L. Campbell, Reserve of Officers.

The promotion of Second Lieutenant Geoffrey H. Woolley, V.O., Queen Victoria's Rifles, to temporary captaincy has been gazetted. Captain Woolley was the first member of the Territorial Force to win the Victoria Cross.

Good motor drivers with mechanical experience are required for the Royal Naval Air Service. Pay is at the rate of £5 per day. Application should be made at the recruiting office of the Royal Naval Air Service, Hendon, N. W.

A signpost in Kingsway has this inscription:—
To King's Cross.
To Uxbridge Cross.
To Victoria Cross.
The last direction points to a recruiting office.

A volunteer soldier in the Italian Alpine states that the Austrians fill their shrapnel with pieces of iron keys, hinges of doors, and windows, etc., with the intention of producing great laceration in the wounds they cause.

In the King's Bench Division the Lord Chief Justice was asked to allow certain witnesses, who were waiting to give evidence in an action, to leave for the day, counsel stating that a number were engaged in making ammunition. "By all means let them go immediately," said Lord Reading.

In order to relieve the local police force and special constables in Ilford, committees have been formed to organize voluntary street patrol by residents of certain streets during what is described as the danger period, viz. 10.30 p.m. to 2 a.m. This has already been done in Springfield.

PUBLIC AUCTION

GEO. P. LAMMERT.
AUCTIONEER, SHARE &
GENERAL BROKER

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on **SATURDAY, the 7th August, 1915,** commencing at 11 a.m. At the Married Quarters, Central Police Station, A Quantity of Household Furniture.

Catalogues will be issued. On view from Friday, the 6th instant.

Terms—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

G. P. L. R.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 9th day of August, 1915, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of Crown Land at Conduct Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOTS.

Lot No.	Boundary Measurements (Approximate)	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rent, if applicable
1	2	3	4
1	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
2	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
3	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
4	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
5	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
6	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
7	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
8	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
9	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100
10	100 ft. by 100 ft.	10,000	£100

NOTICES.

G. P. L. R.

TRAVELERS RESTRICTION
ORDINANCE.

The Public are informed that the Permanent Passes issued by the Provost Marshal will not be available after August 7th next. Any person desiring to renew a Permanent Pass should give notice to the Captain Superintendent, of Police stating in full, the reasons for his request, the places to which he desires to proceed, the average number of journeys made out of the Colony a month, and at the same time return the Permanent Pass in his possession.

If the application is granted it will be necessary for the applicant to forward two copies of his photograph, and call personally at the Central Police Station.

The size of the photograph shall be about 2" x 3".
C. Mc I. MESSER,
Captain Superintendent of Police.

KEROSENE OIL.

We guarantee all kerosene oil sold by us to be pure and unadulterated.

Present price—

"COMET."

\$3.85 per case ex store.

"WHITE ROSE."

\$4.25 per case ex store.

CHING CHEONG.

168 Des Voeux Road, Cen.
(2 blocks West of Cent. Market.)

KWONG YUEN.

91 Des Voeux Road, West.

Don't forget after the Show upper, and Light Refreshments
ALEXANDRA CAFE.
Open till Midnight

ENTERTAINMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

FRIDAY 6th August, 1915
Our Grand New Exclusive
"A QUEEN'S LOVE"
A Drama of Court life in 3 Parts
Superb Scenes, Entrancing Incidents,
Perfect acting
Mlle. Robine and M. Alexandre
And others from Pathe's Studios.
also
SHERLOCK HOLMES
in
"THE MUSGRAVE RITUAL"
Pathe's Gazette,
and
Keynote Comics
A Powerful Programme

BIJOU THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT!

TO-NIGHT!!

FIERY JOHN

A Star Drama in 3 Parts
Also See the Great Film

Capt. Tom Gunn

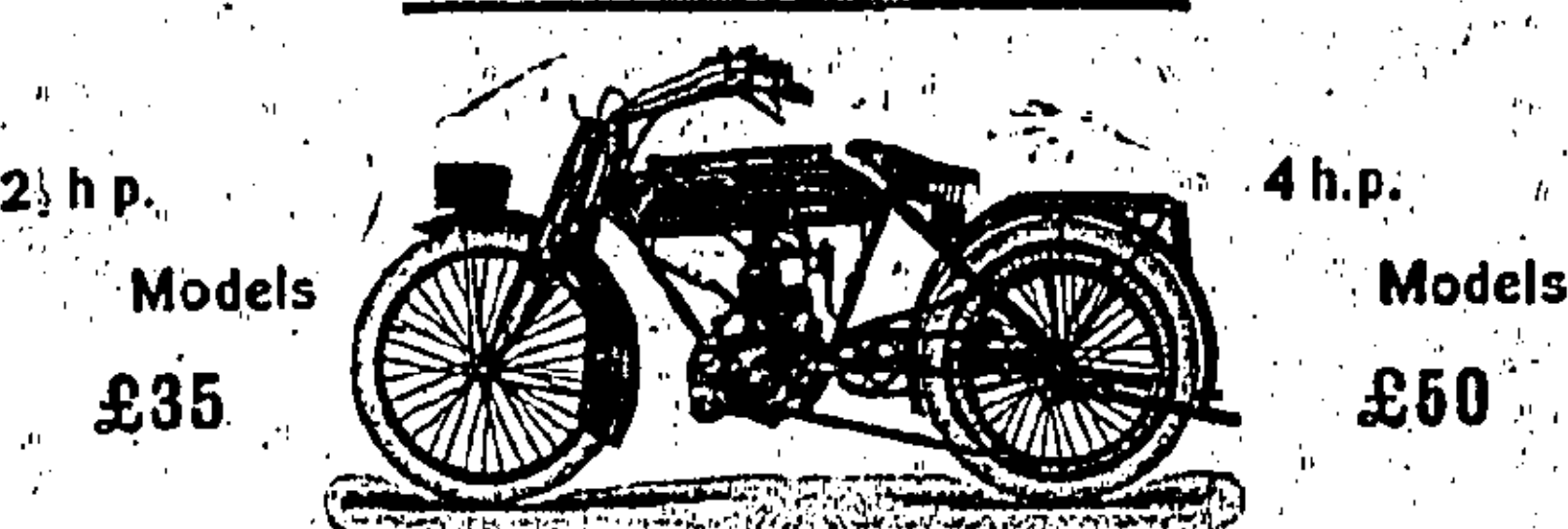
A Flying Expedition
in America and Manila

etc., etc.,

NOTICES.

Compare our prices with any others, then call at our Machinery Office and inspect the very latest Models of the

Wonderful WOLF Motorcycles



Equipped with Improved Two-speed Counter-shaft Gear.
Kick Starter, Chain & Bell Drive, Pump & Tools.
ALEX. ROSS & Co.,
Machinery Office,
4, Des Voeux Road Central.

BATHING

EVERY EVENING AT NORTH BEACH.
ICES.

Cold Minerals, Tea, Coffee, Cakes, etc.
Supplied from 4 p.m. daily at Hongkong prices.
With Best attendance.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE
CATERERS.

FRENCH LESSONS

C. MOUSSION

15, Morrison Hill Road

HONGKONG GYMKHANA

OLUB.

The Third Gymkhana Meeting of the Season will be held at Happy Valley on Saturday, the 7th August, 1915, commencing at 4 p.m.
The charge of Admission will be \$1.00 for others than Members of the Hongkong Jockey Club or Gymkhana Club.
Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half Price.
The Committee invite the Ladies of Hongkong to be present.
Hongkong, 4th August, 1915.

THE HONGKONG
HORTICULTURAL
SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

A Committee Meeting will be shortly held to consider the schedule for next year's Show. All members who wish to make any suggestions regarding the schedule or the Show are requested to send them to the Hon. Secretary on or before Monday the 9th August instant.

A. NICOL,
Quarry Bay,
Hon. Secretary.

OFFICIAL MARKET PRICES

Hongkong, March 125, 1915
BUTCHER MEAT

Butcher Meat	Price
Beef Sirloin—Mei Lung Pa	lb. 19
Prime Cut—	21
Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk	19
Roast—Shiu	19
Breast—Ngau Lam	17
Soup—Tong Yuk	15
Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	20
do.,—Sirloin—Ngau Lau	30
Sausages—Ngau Cheung	24
Bullock's Brains—No	per set 10
Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li	each 50
Head—Ngau Tau	60
Heart—Ngau Sum	lb. 14
Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin	20
Feet—Ngau Keuk	each 11
Kidneys—Ngau Yiu	18
Tail—Ngau Mei	lb. 13
Liver—Ngau Kon	13
Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To	6
Calves' Head & Feet—Ngau-tai-tau-keuk	set \$1.00
Mutton Chop—Yeung Pei Kwai	lb. 25
Leg—Yeung Poi	25
Shoulder—Yeung Shau	24
Saddle—	27
Pigs Chitlings—Chu Chong	27
Brains—Chu No	per set 24
Feet—Chu Keuk	lb. 13
Fry—Chu Chap	15
Head—Chu Tau	16
Heart—Chu Sam	each 11
Kidneys—Chu Yiu	18
Liver—Chu Kon	lb. 28
Pork Chop—Chu Pai Kwai	24
Corned—Ham Chu Yuk	28
Leg—Chu Pei	20
Fat or Lard—Chu Yau	20
Sheeps' Head and Feet—Yeung Tau Keuk	set 60
Heart—Yeung Sam	each 8
Kidneys—Yeung Yiu	lb. 26
Liver—Yeung Kon	22
Sucking Pigs, to order—Chu Tsai	20
Suet, Beef—Shang Ngau Yau	20
Mutton—Shang Yeung Yau	19
Veal—Ngau Tsai Yuk	20
Sausages—Ngau Tsai Cheung	20
Lard—Chu Yau	20

POULTRY:

Poultry	Price
Chicken—Kai Tsai	lb. 35
Capons, Large, Small—Sin Kai	34
Ducks—Ap	32
Doves—Fan Kau	18
Eggs—Hen—Kai Tan (cooking)	per doz 20
(fresh)	36
Fowls, Canton—Kai	lb. 42
Hainan—Hoi Nam Kai	30
Geese—Ngo	24
Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap	each 28
Hoihow—Hoi How Pak Kap	25
Snipe—Sha Tsai	each 22
Turkeys, Cook—Fo Kai Kung	lb. 60
Hen—Na	45
Pheasant—Shan Kai	75
Quail—Om Chun	25
Partridges—Ohe Ku	65

FISH

Fish	Price
Barbel—Ka Yu	lb. 18
Bream—Pin Yu	18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	15
Carp—Li Yu	20
Catfish—Chik Yu	12
Codfish—Mun Yu	14
Crabs—Hoi	26
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	18
Dab—Sha Mang Yu	12
Dace—Wong Mei Lap	13
Dog Fish—Tit To Sha	10
Eels, Conger—Hoi Man	13
Fresh water—Tam Sui Yu	18
Eels, Yellow—Wong Sin	32
Frogs—Tin Kai	33
Garoupe—Shek Pan	40
Gudgeon—Pak Kap Yu	16
Herrings—Tso Pak	20
Halibut—Cheung Kwan Kap	20
Labrus—Wong Fa Yu	18
Loach—Wu Yu	28
Lobsters—Lung Ha	28
Mackerel—Chi Yu	20
Monk Fish—Mong Yu	32
Mullet—Chai Yu	18
Oysters—Shang Ho	22
Parrot Fish—Kai Kung Yu	12
Perch—Tau Lo	18
Pike—Fa Pan Fong	16
Plaice—Pan Yu	15
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	28
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	28
Prawns—Ming Ha	30
Ray—Pai Pa Sha	18
Rock Fish—Shak Kau Kung	15
Roach—Chan Yu	12
Salmon—Ma Yu	30
Shark—Sha Yu	7
Shrimp—Po Yu	25
Shrimps—Ha	25
Snappers—Lap Yu	28
Sole—Tat Sha Yu	26
Tench—Wan Yu	18
Turbot—Cho How Yu	18
Turtles, small, fresh water—Keuk Yu	60

FRUITS.

Fruits	Price
Almonds—Bang Yan	lb. 35
Apples (California)—Kam Shan Ping Kho	18
(Chelo)—Tse Chun Ping Kha	18

肉食

Meat	Price
Bananas, fragrant, Canton—San Shing Heung Chia lb.	3
(brides), Macao—San Heung Chiu	3
Chickens, Chinese—Fong Lat	12
Cashew Nuts—Yeung To	12
Coconuts—Ye Tse	each 12
Grapes—Fo Tai Tse	lb. 30
Lemons, China—Ling Mang	10
America—Kam Shan Ling Mang	10
Lichees Dried—Lai Chi, small Stone	lb 28
Fresh	8
Oranges, (Canton)—Shan-shang Tim Ohing	5
Sweet	10
Pears, (American), Kam Shan Shoot Lay	10
(Canton), Cookin—Sha Li	10
Peanuts—Fa Shang	10
Plantain—Tai Chiu	10
Plums—Swatow, Hung Lai	10
Pumelo, Siam—Chim Lo Yau	each 14
Shanghai—Lo Kwai	10
Walnuts—Hop To	lb 15
Green—Sang Hop Tao	10
Water Melon—(Am.) Kom San Sai Kwa	each 10

VEGETABLES, &c.

Vegetables	Price
Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Ah Ohi	lb. 8
Chenck	8
Beans, (French), Macao—Oh Moon Pin Tau	8
(French) Shanghai—Sheung Hai Pin	8
Sprout—Ah Ohi	8
Long—Tau Kok	10
Beet Root—Hung Chai Tau	each 6
Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa	8
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yuen Kwa	8
Red—Hung Ke	8
Cabbage, Chinese, (common)—Ka Tsoi	lb 10
Cabbage, Shanghai—Ye Tsoi	14
Cane Shoots, bunch—Kau Shan	8
Carrots—Kam Shan	lb 6
Celery, Chinese—Tong Kan Tsoi	8
Chillies Dried—Kon Lap Chiu	25
Red—Hung Fa Chiu	10
Green—Ching Lap Chiu	8
Curry Stuff, English—Ka Li Chu Liu	10
Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	each 2
Garlic—Sun Tau	lb 8
Ginger, young—Sun Tse Keung	6
old—Lo Keung	9
Horse Radish, Shanghai—Lik Kan	12
Indian Corn—Suk Mai	each 1
Lettuce—Yeung Shang Tsoi	1
Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	lb. 6
Mandarin—Kwai Lam Ma Tai	8
Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Oho Ko	35
Musk Melon, Amer.—Kam-san Hong Kwa	each 1
Okra—	1
Onions Bombay—Yeung Chong Tau	8
Green—Shang Chong	8
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Chong Tau	7
Parley—Kun Tsoi	lb. 8
Green Peas—Ching Tan	lb. 3
Potatoes, Sweet—Fan Shu	3
Shanghai—Sheung-hoi Shu Tse	3
Japan—Yut Pan Shu Tse	3
American—Fa Ki Shu Tse	8
Foochow—Tso-chow Shu Tse	3
Pumpkin—Tong Kwa	3
Radish—Hung Lo Pak Tse	5
Rhubarb (Fresh)—Tsi Wong	1
Sage—Tse So	1
Shallots—Kon Chung Tau	8
Spinach—Yin Tsoi	5
Tomatoes—Tan Ke	6
Taro—Wu Tau	6
Turnips, Punt, (Long)—Lo Pak	4
English—Yeung Lo Pak	4
Vegetable Marrow—Chit Kwa	4
(American)—Kam-san Chit Kwa	12
Water Cress—Sai Yeung Tsoi	6
Lily root—Lin Ngu	6
Yams—Ta Shu	6
English—Yeung Kan Chai	1
Tau	1

The above prices are in accordance with the Government list of maximum charges fixed by Proclamation as revised up to the 30th ult. The Proclamation also contained the following schedule of maximum retail prices:

Flour	Price
(a) Highest Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	\$4.50
per lb.	10
(b) Second Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	4.00
per lb.	08
(c) Third Grade, per bag of 50 lbs.	3.50
per lb.	0
Tinned Milk	Price
(a) Sweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	35
(b) Unsweetened Condensed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	25
(c) Sterilized Milk, per tin, (18 oz.)	25
(d) Sterilized Milk, per 1 litre tin	35
(e) Eagle Brand, per 1 lb. tin	33
(f) Skimmed Milk, per 1 lb. tin	20
Sugar	Price
Onbe, (in 6 lb. tins), per tin	1.15
Refined Crystallized, per lb.	14
Granulated, per lb.	14
Soft, No. 1 quality, per lb.	13
No. 2	12
Cooking Salt, 2 cents per lb.	
Frozen Meat	Price

The Dairy Farm prices for frozen food and other stores published on 1st September, 1914, with all changes in prices shown in red ink, are the maximum retail prices for the articles enumerated in the price list of that date. [Approved copies signed by the Chairman and the Secretary of the Food Committee can be seen either at the Treasury or on the premises of the Dairy Farm Company in Wyndham Street.]

5. Market Produce:—(See above)
6. The prices of provisions imported from countries other than China (excepting those above enumerated) may not be raised more than 15 per cent. above the retail prices prevailing in the Colony on the 26th July, 1914.

Note.—In consideration of the loss sustained by discount or subsidiary charges payment for all articles of food not exceeding \$5 in value (excepting the articles enumerated in clause 5 in Proclamation No. 18 of the 30th October, 1914, and in the above Schedule) shall if made in subsidiary coin be subject to an additional charge of 15 per cent.

菓子

杏仁
金華
大平

COMMERCIAL.

Green Teas.

Country teas, chops, uncoloured have met with a good demand from American buyers at 1/2 to 3/4 to 4/8 per picul. The active demand for all grades still continues, and very little remains unsold at the end of each day's business. Gun-powders and Foongness seem rather firmer, Chunmees are unchanged. Natives talk confidently of a shortage in the crop, and from present indications it seems probable there will be an appreciable deficiency in supplies from low country districts.

Figures to date are as follows: Country teas including locally packed. 1915/6 arrivals, 73,271 half chests, against 120,377 for 1914/5 and 80,801 for 1913/4. Settlements reported 1915/6 50,771 against 1914/5 39,987, and 1913/4 48,711. The arrivals of Hysona amount to 52,000 half chests, while settlements reach 22,000 half chests. All grades opened on a reasonable basis, and have since met a steady demand, especially common and low medium, which have risen 1/2 to 2 per picul since the opening. The arrival of Hoochow and Pingueys packed in half chests have been unusually heavy, and in consequence for three weeks after the opening, Pingueys in boxes were scarce and commanded full prices for early shipment. Arrivals are now coming in freely, and at present the market is on the easy side. Arrivals to date are in excess of last year, but it is not expected that the total crop will exceed last season's output.

Japan's China Trade.

The authorities have published an interesting table showing the competition between foreign rivals and Japan's chief lines of export in China says the *Japan Chronicle*. It is stated that, according to a quarterly report of the Chinese Customs of imports of cotton yarn and cloths from January to March, 1915, Japanese goods were the largest in quantity, all descriptions showing an increase, compared with the figures for the corresponding period of last year—20 per cent. in cotton yarn, 24 per cent. grey shirtings, 26 per cent. figured cloths (ayamem), and 20 per cent. T. cloths. It is true that the imports of Japanese cotton drills show a decrease of 7 per cent., but it would be more correct to group these with figured cloths, the increase on the two together being 2 1/2 per cent. Indian cotton yarn shows a falling-off of 13 per cent., and a decrease is also recorded for European and American cotton cloth, while Chinese cotton yarn shows a steady increase, encroaching upon the markets of foreign goods. The following are the details as compared with last year:—

Cotton Yarn (Picul).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	380,790	+ 60,009 20
India	275,878	- 42,195 13
Britain	186	- 1,389 88
Hongkong	956	- 613 39
China	177,877	- 30,881 21

Grey Shirtings (Hiki = 2 pcs.).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	22,490	+ 4,378 24
America	87,968	- 236,784 73
Britain	406,995	- 97,398 57
China	13,540	- 1,350 19

Sheetings (Hiki).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	1,252,233	+ 278,127 28
America	108,724	- 142,889 57
Britain	25,410	- 62,452 71
China	114,872	- 21,582 16

Cotton Drill (Hiki).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	1,352,233	- 34,281 7
America	20,792	- 26,830 56
Britain	8,553	- 4,868 36
China	14,635	- 807 5

Figured Cloths (Hiki).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	101,880	+ 70,643 68
America	280	- 2,040 81
Britain	234,405	- 81,485 26
Holland	590	- 1,039 64
China	80	+ 80 100

T. Cloths (Hiki).		
Jan. to Mar., 1915.	or Decrease.	Percentage.
Japan	71,006	+ 14,119 20
Britain	174,428	- 11,183 6

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE
Cannot be beaten. If Equalled
For Bread, Cakes, Confectionery
and meals with Wines & Liquors.

SHARE REPORT.

COMPARATIVE SHARE QUOTATIONS.

S.—SELLERS SA.—SALES B.—BUYERS N.—NOMINAL

STOCK.	To-day's Closing Prices	Number of Shares	Par. Value	Paid Up.	1914. Highest	1914. Lowest	1915. Highest 14th May. to now	1915. Lowest 14th May. to now	Last Dividend and Date
Banks.									
H'kong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	\$825 b. £76/-	120,000	\$125	all	855 July.	700 Oct.	825	790	{ £2. 3/- & 5/- bonus at ex 1/9/14 equal to \$27.27 for 1/2 year ending 31/12/14
Marine Insurances.									
Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.	\$375 b.	10,000	\$250	59	330 Dec.	305 Oct.	375	360	{ Final of \$4 a/c 1913. Interim of \$18 a/c 1914.
North China Ins. Co., Ltd.	£169 1/2	10,000	£15	£5	145 May	133 Jan.	170	160	{ Interim of 12 1/2 p.c. for 1914
Union Ins. Society of C'ton, Ltd.	\$930 b.	12,400	\$250	100	847 1/2 April	700 Oct.	\$930	\$855	{ Final of \$20 and bonus of \$5 making \$55 for 1913 and Interim of \$30 for 1914
Yangtze Ins. Assoc. Ltd.	\$240 ex 73	12,000	\$100	60	210 April	192 1/2 Jan.	240	225	{ Final of \$15 mak. \$18 for 1913 & Int. of \$3 for 1914
Fire Insurances.									
China Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	\$157 1/2 b.	20,000	\$ 00	20	160 July	140 Oct.	157 1/2	130	{ \$9 for 1913
H'kong Fire Ins. Co., Ltd.	\$400 b.	8,000	\$250	50	395 Feb.	368 April	400	385	{ \$27 for 1913
Shipping.									
C. & M. S.S. Co., Ltd.	\$40 cts. b. x the re-	30,000	\$25	all	10 Jan.	5 1/2 Dec.	50 cts.	30 cts.	{ \$1 for 1906
Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd.	\$4.50 per s. & s.	20,000	\$50	all	36 Mar.	27 1/2 Nov.	69	45	{ \$3 for year ending 30.6.14
Hongkong, C. & M.S.S. Co., Ltd.	\$20 b.	80,000	\$15	all	29 1/4 Jan.	22 Dec.	23	19	{ Final of 40 cts. making 90 cts for year ending 31.12.14
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	\$150 sa. & s.	{ 60,000 \$6 }	£5	all	79 Jan.	50 Sept.	152	96	{ Final of 3% making 6% on preferred shares & 5% on deferred shares for year 1913
Shell T'port & Trading Co., Ltd.	\$88/- sa.	3,797,610	£1	all	106/- Feb.	70/- Sept.	89 1/2 x div.	82/- x div.	{ Final of 5/- (Coupon No. 24) making 7/- for 1914
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	\$36 b.	40,000	\$10	all	49 Mar.	40 Nov.	37	32	{ \$1.50 per share and bonus of 40 cents per share for year ending 30.4.15
Refineries.									
China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd.	\$133 n.	20,000	\$100	all	96 1/2 Feb.	70 Nov.	133	111	{ \$3 for 1912
Luzon Sugar Refining Co., Ltd.	\$46 n.	7,000	\$100	all	31 Jan.	17 Dec.	46	27 1/2	{ \$3 for 1897
Mining.									
Kailan Mining Admin'tion.	30/- b.	1,000,000	£1	all	4 1/2 Feb.	33 1/2 Dec.	33 1/2	30/-	{ Interim of 1/- account year ending 30.6.15 (Coupon No. 5)
Raub Australian Gold Min. & Eng. Co., Ltd.	\$4.00 b.	200,000	£1	all	3.10 Jan.	1.90 Nov.	4	3.60	{ 1/2 for 1909
Trench Mines Ltd.	30/- b.	160,000	£1	all	39/- Feb.	19 1/2 Nov.	32 1/2	32/-	{ 1/- interim a/c 1915 paid 12.7.15
Docks, Wharves and Godowns &c.									
H'kong & K.W. & G. Co., Ltd.	\$79 sa.	60,000	\$50	all	69 Jan.	73 Nov.	79	68	{ \$3.50 for year 1914
H'kong & W'poo D. Co., Ltd.	\$75 sa.	50,000	\$50	all	77 Jan.	53 Oct.	76 1/2	57	{ \$3 dividend for year 1914
Shai Dock & Eng. Co., Ltd.	\$55 b.	60,700	£100	all	60 July	50 Dec.	55	49 cum div.	{ Tls. 5 for 1913
Shai & H'kew W. Co., Ltd.	\$92 b.	36,000	£100	all	109 Jan.	82 1/2 Dec.	93 1/2	80	{ Tls. 5 for 1914
Hotels and Buildings.									
Anglo French Land Co., Ltd.	\$134 b.	13,000	£100	all	128 July	120 Dec.	116	112	{ Tls. 6 1/2 for year ending 29.2.14
H'kong Hotel Co., Ltd.	\$116 b.	20,000	\$50	50	128 July	120 Dec.	116	112	{ \$2.50 for half year ending 31.12.14
H'kong Land Investment Co. Ltd.	\$111 b.	10,000	\$100	all	117 1/2 July	98 Nov.	111 x div.	108	{ \$3 for year ending 30.6.15
H'phreys Estate & F. Co., Ltd.	\$6.30 sa. b.	10,000	\$100	all	94 Jan.	7 Nov.	7	6.10	{ 45 cents for year 1914
K'loon Land & Building Co., Ltd.	\$40 b.	6,000	\$50	20	45 1/2 Jan.	44 Feb.	40	40	{ \$3 for 1914
Shanghai Lands	\$102 b. x div.	78,000	\$50	all	98 Dec.	59 Oct.	106	101	{ Dividend of 6 p.c. for 1/2 year ending 30.6.15
West Point Building Co., Ltd.	\$72 b.	17,000	\$50	all	73 June	6 Feb.	72	70	{ \$2 for half year ending 30.6.15
H'kong Central Estates	\$100 s.	10,000	\$100	all	100	100	100	100	{ \$4.09 for 7 months ending 31.12.14
Cotton Mills.									
Ewo Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.	\$175 sa.	20,000	\$50	all	158 July	125 May	176	152 1/2	{ Tls. 12 for year ending 31.10.14
Hongkong Cotton Co.	\$7.35 b.	150,000	\$10	all	84 Mar.	7 June	7.40	7	{ 50 cents 31.7.08
Kung Yik	\$14.60 b.	15,000	\$10	all	141 Jan.	11 Mar.	14.60	13 1/2	{ Tls. 1.20 for year ending 30.11.14
Laou Kung Mow	\$74 b.	8,000	\$100	all	110 Feb.	70 May	89	86	{ Tls. 12 for 1913
Shanghai Cottons in Shai	\$101 sa.	40,000	\$50	all	135 Feb.	70 Nov.	102 1/2	16	{ Div. Tls. 6 Bonus Tls. 4. Extra Bonus Tls. 1 year end'g 30.6.14
Miscellaneous.									
China Borneo Company, Ltd.	\$10 b.	60,000	\$10	all	12 May	10 Dec.	10	10	{ 85 cents for 1914
China Light & Power Co., Ltd.	\$4 b.	50,000	\$5	all	4.80 July	4 April	4 1/2	4 1/2	{ 6% for year ending 28.2.06
Do. (Spec. shares)		50,000	\$1	all	9 Jan.	7 Nov.	8 1/2	8.00	{ 70 cts. for 1914
China Prov. L. & M. Co., Ltd.	\$4 1/2 b.	125,000	\$10	all	9 Jan.	35 Aug.	34	34	{ \$1.50 for year ending 31.7.14
Dairy Farm Company, Ltd.	\$34 b.	40,000	\$5	6	39 June	5 Dec.	8.20	6.70	{ 50 cts. for 1914
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.	\$20 b.	400,000	\$10	all	6.90 Jan.	36 Nov.	44 1/2	39	{ \$2.00 per share for 1914
Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd.	\$44 1/2 b.	60,000	\$10	all	49 Jan.	174 Dec.	185	184	{ Final of \$6 making \$8 1/2 for 1914
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.	\$185 b.	6,000	\$25	all	217 1/2 July	22 Apr.	27	25	{ Final of \$1. makin \$2 for 1914
Hongkong Rope Mfg. Co., Ltd.	\$27 b.	60,000	\$10	all	25 June	7 Feb.	5.15	4.80 x div.	{ \$10 for 1914
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	5.15 b.	325,000	5/-	all	13/- July	7 Feb.	5.15	4.80 x div.	{ Interim of T. 1 making T. 2 a/c 1913
Langkats	£28 1/2 b.	250,000	£10	all	64 1/2 Mar.	28 Dec.	42	37 1/2	{ 70 cts. on fully paid shares and 7 cts. on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.15
Peak Tramway Co., Ltd. (Old)	£19 b.	27,000	\$10	all	10 1/2 Jan.	5 1/2 June	10	9	{ 80 cts.
Do (New) 80 cts. b.		10,000	\$10	all	93 cts. Jan.	75 cts. Dec.	81	80	{ None
Philippines Ltd.	\$4 b.	75,000	\$10	all	—	—	4	4	{ \$1.50 for 1910
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	\$5 b.	12,000	\$10	all	—	—	5	5	{ None
Societe des Pulres et Papier-teries du Tonkin	\$20 b.	13,200	\$50	all	—	—	20	20	{ None
Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.	\$3.20 b.	20,000	\$5	all	5.00 June	4 Nov.	3 1/2	3.00	{ 35 cts. for year ending 31.5.14
Union Water-Work Co., Ltd.	\$18 b.	27,723	\$10	all	22 1/2 Feb.	17 Jan.	18	16 1/2	{ \$1.00 per share for year ending 31.12.1914
Watson and Co., Ltd.	\$6 1/4 sa.	90,000	\$10	all	8 1/2 April	6.90 Dec.	6.80 x div.	6 1/2 x div.	{ 60 cts. on old shares and 25 cts. on new year shares for year ending 30.6.14
William Powell, Limited.	\$6 1/2 b.	21,000	\$7	all	9 1/2 Jan.	6 1/2 Dec.	6 1/2	6	{ \$1.50 for 1914
S. C. Morning Post	\$29 b.	6,000	\$25	all	30 June	92 Dec.	29	29	{ \$1.50 for 1914

WRIGHT & HORNBY.

Share and General Brokers

6, Des Vaux Road Central. Tel. address, Rectitude.

CORRECTED TO NOON, 6 AUG. 1915.

ANY SUBSEQUENT ALTERATIONS WILL BE FOUND IN "UP TO THE MINUTE SHARE MARKET NEWS."
THE TELEGRAPH DOES NOT HOLD ITSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE QUOTATIONS.

EXCHANGE

August 6th.

Selling.	
T/T Bombay	1/9 1/16
Demand	1/9 1/16
30 d/s	1/9 1/16
60 d/s	1/9 1/16
4 m/s	1/9 1/16
T/T Shanghai	78 1/2
Private 30 d/s sight	75
T/T Singapore	85 1/4
T/T Japan	152 1/4
T/T India	133 1/4
Demand India	133

T/T Bombay	
Demand Bombay	133
T/T Calcutta	133
Demand Calcutta	133
T/T Bas. Foo & N.Y.	41 1/2
Demand New York	42
T/T Java	105 1/2
T/T Manila	Nom.
Demand Germany	Nom.
T/T France	2.35
Demand Paris	2.35

On Halphong	
On Saigon	9 1/2 prem.
On Bangkok	8 1/2
Buying.	
4 m/s L/C	118 1/2
4 m/s D/P	118 1/2
6 m/s L/C	118 1/2
30 d/s Sney & M.	118 1/2
30 d/s San Foo & N.Y.	43 1/2
4 m/s Marks	Nom.
4 m/s France	2.46
6 m/s France	2.51

Gold Leaf per 100	
Sovereign	\$11.25 nom.
Bar Silver ready	\$2 3/8
SUBSIDIARY COINS.	
Discount per \$100	
Chinese	20 cts. pieces \$20 1/8
Hongkong	20 cts. pieces \$20 1/8
Hongkong	20 cts. pieces \$20 1/8
Hongkong	20 cts. pieces \$20 1/8

NOTICE

DANISH BEER.

A GUARANTEED GENUINE PURE DANISH BEER.



BREWED BY THE WORLD FAMED
NY CARLSBERG BREWERIES.
COPENHAGEN DENMARK.

An absolutely pure Lager expressly brewed for Export.
Awarded prizes at all exhibitions.
For years known as the Finest Beer specially brewed for the Far East.
Obtainable from all Wine Merchants and Comprodores.

BANKS

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION
HEAD OFFICE:
60, Wall Street, New York
LONDON OFFICE:
36, Bishopsgate, E.C.
BRANCHES:—
ROMBAY, LONDON.
CALCUTTA, MANILA.
CANTON, PANAMA.
CEBU, PEKING.
COLON, SAN FRANCISCO.
HANKOW, SHANGHAI.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE.
KOREA, YOKOHAMA.
CAPITAL PAID-UP \$3,250,000
RESERVE FUNDS \$4,120,000
(U.S. Gold) \$7,370,000
All kinds of FOREIGN & LOCAL BANKING BUSINESS transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.
N. S. MARSHALL,
Manager.
Hongkong, 22nd Oct. 1914.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
Established 1880.
Authorized Capital Yen 40,000,000
Paid-up Capital 30,000,000
Reserve Fund 19,000,000
Head Office.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches:—
Amoy, Canton, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Shanghai, Singapore, Souchow, Tientsin, Yokohama.
Agents at:
Batavia, Calcutta, Cebu, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Shanghai, Singapore, Souchow, Tientsin, Yokohama.
Interest Allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

EISHI ONO, Manager.
Hongkong, 15th March, 1915.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.
HEAD OFFICE.—LONDON.
Paid-up Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Proprietors £1,200,000
FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.
Wm. DICKSON,
Manager.
Hongkong, 11th April, 1912.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.
(Capital Paid up £1,250,000)
Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.
Goods received on Storage.
Advances made on Merchandise.
Loans made on the Provident System.
(Rates and Particulars on application.)
The Office of
TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c.
Undertaken and Executed.
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
General Managers.
Hongkong, 19th March, 1890.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed £1,125,000
Paid Up £52,500
Reserve Fund £500,000
BANKERS:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.
Limited.

Every description of Exchange business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.
C. T. BEATTIE,
Acting Manager.

NOTICE

OUR LONDON LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
London, June 25, 1915.

(Continued from yesterday.)

His golfing life was over a tragedy. The greatest amateur golfer of his age, he quickly promised to follow in the steps of those great golfing club-men of his, Mr. John Ball and Mr. Harold Hilton, but he never did. He could head all the greatest golfers of the day in private games, in international matches, and in the earlier rounds of the Championship. He could play magnificent golf in medal play against the greatest professionals of the day, as all will remember he did in the Open Championship of 1906 at Mirfield, when in the opening round he broke the record of the course with a round of 71, a record which still stands. Yet he never succeeded. He was, in short, a psychological puzzle. Some said he had no stamina, but those who knew his powers in cricket, football, or billiards, all ridiculed that opinion. It was sheer bad luck that seemed to dog his footsteps in the most exasperating fashion. Five times did Captain Graham reach the semi-final round of the Amateur Championship, but never once did he reach the final. Last year at Sandwich, where we golfers spent such a happy time entertaining a band of American invaders who came over with the famous Francis Olinet to fight for our greatest golfing honour, Mr. Graham played most magnificent golf, beating several very famous golfers in the earlier rounds. The same bad luck stuck to him, and he was beaten by Mr. Martin Smith in the last eight. Little did we dream then that in a few short months the whole world would be plunged into war, and still less that such a man as Captain Graham would die a hero's death. It is no idle statement that no golfer will be so missed as Captain Graham will be. He was a most popular man, and his first rate sportsmanship won everyone's admiration whether they were spectators or competitors. To give one solitary and memorable example of his sportsmanship! When Mr. Gordon Barry won the Amateur Championship as a boy of nineteen he beat Mr. Graham in the semi-final. The match was left all square on the last green, and so extra hole was necessary. Mr. Barry was left with a yard putt for the match, a length of putt which every golfer knows is never certain, especially when championship depend on them. Captain Graham knooked Mr. Barry's ball away without asking him to putt. That incident showed Captain Graham's sportsmanship, his generosity to his young opponent, his love of the game for the game itself, and not merely for the advertisement to be gained from it.

The Roll of Honour.

Another old 'Varsity rowing Blue, making the eighth, has been killed. Capt. O. A. Maitland Carver was severely wounded at the Dardanelles, and has since died. Educated at Charterhouse and First Trinity, Cambridge, he rowed against Oxford in 1908 when the Light Blues achieved their third consecutive victory. Carver was also one of the Cambridge eight that competed at the

Henley Olympic Regatta, but who lost a deal of their pace after beating Oxford and were defeated by the Belgians. Standing 6 feet 2½ inches and weighing over 13 stone, he was of fine athletic build with none of the awkwardness of many his size. He was attached to the Royal Engineers and went out to Egypt last January. The other rowing Blues who have fallen in the war are R. U. Fletcher, G. M. Maitland, C. F. Burnand, S. P. Cookerell, B. R. Wintrop-Smith, H. J. S. Shields and G. S. Macleagan. An Oxford sculler and oarsman Sub. Lieut. F. S. Kelly, R.N.V.R., has been wounded also at the Dardanelles. He rowed in the boat race of 1903, but he was better known as a sculler, winning the Diamonds at Henley in 1902, 1903 and 1905, and making the record time of 5 mins. 10 secs. in the last year against Blackheath. He also secured the Wingfield Sculls, which symbolize the championship of London, in 1903. Second Lieut. J. G. Will, the Cambridge and Scottish Rugby threequarter, who has been wounded, had a wonderful escape. Writing home a fellow officer said: "A shell burst on the edge of a dugout facing Will. He was sitting against the parapet and got a fearful welt and shock. Next thing I saw him walking down the trench as if nothing had happened asking for a bandage. We all miss him here, as he was a cheery cove and always regging." Will got his fatter Blue at Cambridge as a freshman, playing first as half back, and he was chosen straight away for Scotland to become one of the crack three quarters of international football. Fortunately his wounds are not serious. Wars, the Bristol city goalkeeper and one of the comparatively few professional footballers who have so far been in action has died of wounds. An old soldier whose home was in Bristol, Wars was on furlough when he first played for the City club, who at the time were very hard up for a goalkeeper. Next season he left the Army and has since been the regular Bristol City goalkeeper. Capt. R. H. Spooner, the famous England cricketer, has been wounded a second time. His injuries are to his head and thigh and fortunately are not serious though he has had to go into hospital.

An Alarming Answer.—That one day recently a local teacher was putting her scholars through their p's and q's. That on asking where flour for baking came from she received this alarming answer, "The cow, mum." That the teacher naturally said, "What! a cow? why, what part of the cow could flour be from?" and was told, "its bones, mum."

A Cough is Dangerous

Too dangerous to be neglected. For small, trifling coughs develop into deep-seated and agonizing afflictions. Coughing saps the vitality, wears, destroys—leads to deadly lung diseases. Stop that cough NOW by using LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM Rub into the chest and back. It will penetrate, soothe, relieve inflammation, stop the pain, loosen, loosen, make breathing easy. Acts quickly. Has cured thousands. Will cure YOU.

Delays are dangerous. Get a bottle of this wonderful remedy TODAY.

Sold at 1s. 4d. per bottle.
Agents for Hongkong,
Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.



AN IDEAL DRINK FOR
SUMMER MONTHS
**WHITEWAY'S
CYDER**

SWEET OR DRY.

As supplied to all the leading London Hotels and Clubs such as Savoy, Claridges, Berkeley, Trocadero, Hyde Park and Royal Automobile, Raleigh and Conservative Clubs.

SOLE AGENTS
H. RUTTONJEE & SON
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

POST OFFICE.

The Parcel Post Service to Italy and her Colonies through Egypt is resumed.

The Services to Germany, Austria, and their Colonies, and to the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Ships in communication with Cape D'Agulhas Radio Telegraph Station.—

INWARD. OUTWARD.

1 Yasaoka M. 1
2 Polynesian 2
3 3

Notes route to Hongkong as Siberia.

MAILS DUE.

Negapatam, Amerson, 9th inst.

MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Shanghai & North China.—Per CHENAN, 6th Aug. 5 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Holbow, & Halphong.—Per DAIGI M. 7th Aug. 9 a.m.

Straits.—Per TELEMACHUS, 7th inst. 10 a.m.

Philippine Is.—Per YUENSANG, 7th inst. 2 p.m.

Hollo.—Per SINGAN, 7th inst. 3 p.m.

Shanghai & N. China.—Per ANHUI, 7th Aug. 5 p.m.

(Europe via Siberia Shanghai Br. P.O. Tuesday, 11th Aug.)

French Mail. Saigon, Straits, Burma, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt & Europe.—Per POLYNESEAN, 7th August, 4 p.m.

Shanghai & N. China.—Per HANGSANG 7th inst. 5 p.m.

Swatow, Tamsui & Quinhon.—DAGFIN, 7th inst. 5 a.m.

SUNDAY, 8th August.

Swatow, Amoy, Formosa & Tamsui.—Per DALJIN M., 8th Aug. 9 a.m.

Halphong.—Per DAIGI M. 8th Aug. 9 a.m.

MONDAY 9th August.

Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, via Port Darwin and New Guinea via Thursday Is.—Per EASTERN, 9th Aug. 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, 10th August.

Shanghai, N. China & Japan via Kobe.—Per YASAKA M., 10th Aug. 9 a.m.

Shanghai, North China, Japan, via Nagasaki, Honolulu, U.S., South America, Canada via San Francisco and U. Kingdom via Canada Europe via Siberia U. Per KOREA, 10th August, 11 a.m.

(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 14th Aug.)

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow.—Per HAITAN, 10th Aug. 1.30 p.m.

Philippine Is.—TAMING, 10th Aug. 3 p.m.

Formosa via Keelung, Shanghai, North China, and Japan via Moji, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, U. Kingdom via Canada.—Per AWA M., 2nd Aug. 3 p.m.

Straits.—Per ONSANG, 10th inst. 2 p.m.

Shanghai, and North China (Europe via Siberia) — Per LAINGHOW, 10th inst. 3 p.m.

(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 14th inst.)

THURSDAY, 12th Aug.

Straits, Ceylon, Port Said, Marseilles and London.—Per MISHIMA M., 12th inst. 11 a.m.

FRIDAY, 13th August.

Wei-hai-wei & Tientsin.—Per HEI-CHOW, 13th Aug. 3 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow.—Per HAI-CHING, 13th inst. 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, 14th Aug.

Straits, Burma, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe. The parcel mail will be closed on Friday, 13th inst. at 5 p.m. — Per MALTA, 14th Aug. Printed Matter and Samples 10 a.m. Registration 10.15 a.m. Registration Kowloon B.O. 5.50 a.m. Letters 11 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, 1st Sept.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand via Port Darwin and New Guinea via Thursday Is.—Per OHANG, 1st Sept. 11 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Wada Maru, Jap. ss. 2164, T. Anai, 5th inst.—Kaoosau, 29th ult., Coal—M.B.G.K.

Chingchow, Br. ss. 1185, Jan. Doyle, 5th inst.—Port Paravel, 2nd inst.—Cement Sions—S. T. & Co.

Huachuco, Br. ss. 1176, H. Haymon, 5th inst.—Manila, 2nd inst. General—S. & Co.

Ryusho Maru, Jap. ss. 1753, Kanada, 5th inst.—Dalren, 29th ult., Gen.—N. B.K.

Chofa Maru, Jap. ss. 933, S. Orl, 5th inst.—Bintal, 31st ult., Wood—Order.

Dainiguan Maru, Jap. ss. 1835, M. Tanaka, 5th inst.—Hongay, 2nd inst. Coal—S. & Co.

City of Hongkong, Br. ss. 4371, J. Mayall, 5th inst.—Fochow, 2nd inst. Gen.—B. L.

Qantara, Br. ss. 2400, G. Hooker, 6th inst.—Bangkok, 30th ult., Gen.—B. & S.

Szechuen, Br. ss. 1149, Scott, 6th inst.—Shanghai, 1st inst., Gen.—Order.

DEPARTED.

Aug. 5.

Takung for Halphong via Holbow Kwangshai for Shanghai Yangtze for Liverpool via Saigon Kutzang for Moji via Kobe Jade for Canton

Hongkong for Halphong via Holbow Jade for Canton Halphong for Canton Ryusho Maru for Canton Kwangshai for Chofa

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Aug. 7.

Yingchow for Shanghai Kaifong for Halphong via Holbow Helles for Bangkok Szechuen for Canton

Dikensburg for Batavia Selam for Singapore via Swatow Halman for Foochow via Swatow Chingchow for Port Paravel Chofa Maru for Binkay

Seati's Maru for Tacoma via Shanghai Chofa Maru for Canton Hangchow for Swatow

PASSENGERS EXPECTED.

Per ss. Novara from London July 6.—A. A. Smeaton, A. Walker.

Per ss. Maloja from London July 10.—W. L. Anderson, W. Fletcher, Master P. Fletcher.

Per ss. Yasaoka Maru from London.—Miss L. Walldorf, Man Kam-lo, O. Miller, K. Yip, P. H. Weston, S. K. Tan.

WATER RETURN.

Level and Storage of water in Reservoirs on the 1st July, 1915.

CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS LEVEL.

1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1927. 1928. 1929. 1930. 1931. 1932. 1933. 1934. 1935. 1936. 1937. 1938. 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966. 1967. 1968. 1969. 1970. 1971. 1972. 1973. 1974. 1975. 1976. 1977. 1978. 1979. 1980. 1981. 1982. 1983. 1984. 1985. 1986. 1987. 1988. 1989. 1990. 1991. 1992. 1993. 1994. 1995. 1996. 1997. 1998. 1999. 2000. 2001. 2002. 2003. 2004. 2005. 2006. 2007. 2008. 2009. 2010. 2011. 2012. 2013. 2014. 2015. 2016. 2017. 2018. 2019. 2020. 2021. 2022. 2023. 2024. 2025. 2026. 2027. 2028. 2029. 2030. 2031. 2032. 2033. 2034. 2035. 2036. 2037. 2038. 2039. 2040. 2041. 2042. 2043. 2044. 2045. 2046. 2047. 2048. 2049. 2050. 2051. 2052. 2053. 2054. 2055. 2056. 2057. 2058. 2059. 2060. 2061. 2062. 2063. 2064. 2065. 2066. 2067. 2068. 2069. 2070. 2071. 2072. 2073. 2074. 2075. 2076. 2077. 2078. 2079. 2080. 2081. 2082. 2083. 2084. 2085. 2086. 2087. 2088. 2089. 2090. 2091. 2092. 2093. 2094. 2095. 2096. 2097. 2098. 2099. 2100. 2101. 2102. 2103. 2104. 2105. 2106. 2107. 2108. 2109. 2110. 2111. 2112. 2113. 2114. 2115. 2116. 2117. 2118. 2119. 2120. 2121. 2122. 2123. 2124. 2125. 2126. 2127. 2128. 2129. 2130. 2131. 2132. 2133. 2134. 2135. 2136. 2137. 2138. 2139. 2140. 2141. 2142. 2143. 2144. 2145. 2146. 2147. 2148. 2149. 2150. 2151. 2152. 2153. 2154. 2155. 2156. 2157. 2158. 2159. 2160. 2161. 2162. 2163. 2164. 2165. 2166. 2167. 2168. 2169. 2170. 2171. 2172. 2173. 2174. 2175. 2176. 2177. 2178. 2179. 2180. 2181. 2182. 2183. 2184. 2185. 2186. 2187. 2188. 2189. 2190. 2191. 2192. 2193. 2194. 2195. 2196. 2197. 2198. 2199. 2200. 2201. 2202. 2203. 2204. 2205. 2206. 2207. 2208. 2209. 2210. 2211. 2212. 2213. 2214. 2215. 2216. 2217. 2218. 2219. 2220. 2221. 2222. 2223. 2224. 2225. 2226. 2227. 2228. 2229. 2230. 2231. 2232. 2233. 2234. 2235. 2236. 2237. 2238. 2239. 2240. 2241. 2242. 2243. 2244. 2245. 2246. 2247. 2248. 2249. 2250. 2251. 2252. 2253. 2254. 2255. 2256. 2257. 2258. 2259. 2260. 2261. 2262. 2263. 2264. 2265. 2266. 2267. 2268. 2269. 2270. 2271. 2272. 2273. 2274. 2275. 2276. 2277. 2278. 2279. 2280. 2281. 2282. 2283. 2284. 2285. 2286. 2287. 2288. 2289. 2290. 2291. 2292. 2293. 2294. 2295. 2296. 2297. 2298. 2299. 2300. 2301. 2302. 2303. 2304. 2305. 2306. 2307. 2308. 2309. 2310. 2311. 2312. 2313. 2314. 2315. 2316. 2317. 2318. 2319. 2320. 2321. 2322. 2323. 2324. 2325. 2326. 2327. 2328. 2329. 2330. 2331. 2332. 2333. 2334. 2335. 2336. 2337. 2338. 2339. 2340. 2341. 2342. 2343. 2344. 2345. 2346. 2347. 2348. 2349. 2350. 2351. 2352. 2353. 2354. 2355. 2356. 2357. 2358. 2359. 2360. 2361. 2362. 2363. 2364. 2365. 2366. 2367. 2368. 2369. 2370. 2371. 2372. 2373. 2374. 2375. 2376. 2377. 2378. 2379. 2380. 2381. 2382. 2383. 2384. 2385. 2386. 2387. 2388. 2389. 2390. 2391. 2392. 2393. 2394. 2395. 2396. 2397. 2398. 2399. 2400. 2401. 2402. 2403. 2404. 2405. 2406. 2407. 2408. 2409. 2410. 2411. 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